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AMMAN SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1995, SAFAR 24, 1416

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

# Kingdom raises more than JD 4 million in funds to Bosnia

# West threatens 'decisive response' if Gorazde attacked Bosnia criticises London meeting decision as 'half measure'

LONDON (Agencies) — event of further Bosnian Serb Western allies warned Bosnian Serbs Friday that any attack on the "safe area" of Gorazde will be met with a "substantial and decisive response" which may include air power, British Foreign retary Malcolm Rifkind

But U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher said that any Serb attack on Gorazde would be met with air power. "Any air campaign in Gorazde will include signifi-cant attacks on significant targets. There will be no more pin-prick strikes," Mr. Christopher said.

Mr. Christopher said the same commitment might be applied to protect other safe areas, including Sarajevo.

Mr. Christopher's statement was at odds with Mr. Rifkind's more cautious summary of the allied agreement, which returned time and against to the formula of a "substantial and decisive response.

"There was strong support for this to include the use of air power, but there was also great concern expressed," Mr. Rifkind told reporters. 'Countries are conscious of the serious risks in this course

The agreement fell short of the U.S. proposal for overwhelming air strikes in the attacks on the so-called safe

"No one wishes to use air power, no one believes that that by itself will conclude the war in Bosnia, but there was a very clear recognition that the fall of Gorazde, if that was to happen, would signal the end of UNPROFOR's (the U.N. Protection Force) presence in Bosnia." Mr. Rifkind said.

"There was a unanimous determination if at all possible to see UNPROFOR continue in Bosnia, and it's against that background that many people who have in the past been reluctant to contemplate the use of air power recognise that if there was an attack on Gorazde, it would be necessary to respond in the way suggested.'

The Russians, in particular, had expressed scepticism about resorting to air strikes to restrain the Serbs.

Earlier, the French backed away from their call for putting more troops into Gorazde immediately to ward off any Bosnian Serb

Mr. Rifkind's statement made no mention of action to protect Zepa, Bihac or Tuzla, and in response to a question Mr. Rifkind affirmed that the thireat of "substantial and de--cisive" action was limited to

"It is at this moment in time uncertain as to the implications of the fighting in the Bihac area, therefore the statement that I have referred to today... refers specifi-. cally to Gorazde," Mr. Rifkind said.

Mr. Christopher said the meeting focused on Gorzade because it appeared under immediate threat.

The London meeting and the American proposal for large-scale air strikes were triggered by last week's Bosnian Serb conquest of the Muslim "safe area" of Srebrenica and the expulsion of thousands of civilians, and the threat that Serb forces would march next on the remaining zones under U.N. protection

In remarks to the opening session of Friday's conference, Mr. Christopher urged that the U.N. partners "deliver an unambiguous ultimatum" to the Serbs: stop violating the U.N. "safe areas" or face a NATO air assault that would go well beyond the allies' earlier pinprick strikes, spokesman Nicholas Burns told reporters midway through the confer-

The Bosnian Prime Minister, Haris Silajdzic, said he



AMMAN - Muslims, Jews and Christians Friday raised more than four million dinars in funds to Bosnia Herzegovina during a national turned to regional campaign to collect donations for the war-ravaged Bosnian people.

The one-day fund raising campaign, which was sup-ported by His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan's early contributions, was launched by the Jordan Radio and Television Corporation. Jordanians rushed into

T.V. studio to cash in their contributions as other Arabs and Israelis called the television to announce their contributions.

In a telephone call with the 'telethon' television programme, the King, who donated JD 50,000 and two desalination plants, voiced appreciation of the initiative.

"I thank every Jordanian... every child. The 50 fils donations are appreciated as much as any other amount." the King said.

Hundreds of people calling the telethon programme from Jordan, and neighbouring countries donated cash and in-kind contributions. Some proposed to adopt Bosnian children, others offered clothes and milk.

"What is happening in Bosnia is a real catastrophe that comes at a time when the whole world is talking about the 50th anniversary of the United Nations while inhumanitarian practices are continuing against the Bosnian people in its ugliest pictures." King Hussein said.

"I did what I could to put an end to (the attacks on Muslims) through contact with leaders of Muslim countries who have a direct relationship with this cause," said

the King.
King Hussein said Jordan
might withdraw its peacekeeping forces if the situation continues to be disastrous."

"If the world opted to move and stop the massacres. we are ready to send more troops and I am personally ready to go with them to achieve these noble objectives," he said. "But if there is no move, we will not keep our forces there."

"We have never abandoned our duty and we will not," he added. "We pray to God that we will succeed in performing our duty proper-

Jordan has 3,200 troops in former Yugoslavia as part of U.N. peacekeeping forces. Royal Jordanian is transferring goods and medicine to

(Continued on page 12)

### Chirac arrives in **Ivory Coast**

YAMOUSSOUKRO, Ivory Coast (AFP) — French Presi-t. Jacques Chirac arrived Friday in Yamoussoukro, political capital of the Ivory Coast, on the second leg of a five-day trip to Africa, his first as president. The French leader, who arrived at midday; was greeted by President Henri Konan Bedie and received a traditional welcome. Mr. Chirac briefly met the heads of state of Benin, Burkina Faso, Niger and Togo, with whom he was to have bilateral meetings in the afternoon. Mr. Chirac's African trip is aimed at underlining France's solidarity with its former colonies on the African continent, despite what some fear is a growing international "disengagement" in thë region.

### 12 police wounded in Istanbul

ISTANBUL (R) — Twelve riot policemen were wounded on Friday when a hand grenade was thrown at a bus carrying them through an houl suburb, the Anatonan. news agency said. A police spokesman confirmed the morning attack in the Gaziosmanpasa district but said details were not available. There was no word about the identity of the attackers but in recent weeks militants from a leftist urban guerrilla group killed two policemen in separate attacks in the city. The militants have strong ties in parts of Gaziosmanpasa, where last March more than a dozen people were killed during nots against police.

### 'SPLA releases hostages'

small. di Reagan. di KHARTOUM (AFP) - The Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) has released the last two of its five hostages, the Sudanese Foreign Ministry said Friday. The two Sudanese government security officers were headed for Khartoum, a foreign ministry official said. The released stages were aboard a U.N. physical and Monday has Reagan plane that had earlier been sent to the Pariang area to evacuate Italian Giuseppe Meo, who was released Tues-

# PLO says major gaps remain in talks with Israel Settlers block W. Bank roads,

clash with police, Palestinians TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said on Friday a first week of intensive negotiations with Israel had ended with wide gaps still. separating Israelis and Palestinians, raising doubts they could reach an accord by a July 25 signing deadline. Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres played down the differences, calling them

a 'tugging of ropes.' Chief Palestinian Negotiator Ahmad Korei said: The gap on major, crucial

the redeployment, security arrangements and a very serious problem (water) emerged which might threaten the draft agreement as, a whole."

"I think it has become difficult to meet the July 25 deadline," he said. Israeli army redeployment

away from West Bank Palestinian population centres and elections for a goveming council are already one year behind schedule. About 80 negotiators from

each side on Friday conissues remains. These include cluded the first week of marathon talks at a secluded hotel in the northern Israeli town of Ziehron Yaacov with little progress. They said they might meet at another venue

Palestinian negotiators drew a grim picture of the talks aimed at hammering out an accord by July 25. Some described the atmosphere in Zichron Yaacov as frustrat-

"There is a lot of frustrations in the negotiations. We cannot accept redeployment in some areas and cosmetic negative changes in other places," said negotiator Has-san Agu Libdeh.

A Bosnian mother weeps at the grave of her soldier, during his funeral ceremony in

son, Neboisa Jancovic, a Bosnian government Sarajevo (AFP photo)

But Mr. Peres told Israel Radio: "There are little crises here, crises there. I can't tell you exactly if it will be by July 25 but there is a possibility and we'll do everything to

Palestinian officials have accused Israel of backtracking on previous positions regarding the army's withdraw-

Israel says it is ready to withdraw from some Palestinian towns and villages, but insists on keeping control of areas close to Jewish settlements, including the town of

Arab-Jewish violence. Mr. Korei said the PLO was insisting that the Israeli army pull out from all cities,

villages and refugee camps. He said the PLO was ready to reach an agreement on special, limited and temporary security arrangements in some areas and on some roads to prevent friction and to make the interim accord a success.

Mr. Korei singled out water as a particularly contentious issue.

The Israeli position on the control over underground water resources "did not represent a basis for the negotiating process over this sensitive, dangerous and crucial issue," he said.

"We cannot envision peace without solving the water issue in a way that will guarantee the interests and

(Continued on page 12)

### Iraq 'may' have destroyed | Palestinian | OIC demands lifting of missile machines inspector, Rolf Ekeus, has

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — A senior United Nations official said in Baghdad Friday he thought Iraq had com-pleted the destruction of five pieces of equipment used for manufacturing missile en-

"We are very happy that Iraq has agreed to destroy (the pieces) because that was a major issue in UNSCOM's chairman letter to the (U.N.) Security Council, "Goran Wallen, director of Iraq's ongoing monitoring and verification centre, told Reuters. Asked whether the destruction had been completed, Mr. Wallen said: "I think it

has.' A U.N. official in New York on Wednesday said he thought Iraq would destroy the equipment by the end of the week. Earlier it said it would only do so when UN-SCOM ends work on its germ

warfare file. Mr. Wallen said a team of five international experts under American James Ceney were responsible for monitoring the destruction

process. The destruction of the machines was Iraq's second move last week towards complying with U.N. demands to dismantle its chemical, biological and nuclear weapons

programmes.
The chief U.N. weapons

police arrest 12 said that two major stumbling blocks remain: The five pieces of machinery and **PFLP** Iraq's past biological

Mr. Al Jarou expressed

surprise that activists in the

Gaza Strip were targeted

since the killings of Ohad

Bachrach, 18, and Ori She-

hor, 19, on Tuesday took

place in the occupied West

Bank. An anonymous cal-

ler to the Associated Press

claimed that the killings

were the work of the PFLP,

but the claim has not been

"I cannot confirm or

deny that the PFLP has

done it," Mr. Al Jarou said

Friday. "But I can confirm

that the PFLP in Gaza had

nothing to do with it."

weapons programme. On Monday, Iraqi officials in Baghdad submitted a preactivists
GAZA (AP) - Police liminary report on the biological weapons programme to U.N. monitors. arrested a dozen activists of a radical Palestinian group U.N. weapons monitors early Friday in connection have said they must review with the slayings of two the final report carefully be-Israeli teenagers, members fore advising the Security

of the group said. Council on Iraqi compliance. In Cairo, Iraqi Foreign Younis Al Jarou, a Minister Mohammad Saeed senior leader of the Popu-Al Sahaf threatened to end lar Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) in the cooperation with the United Gaza Strip, said the activ-Nations if the weapons inists were arrested in Gaza spectors do not finish their. work by the end of August. city and nearby towns.

"The (U.N.) special commission should end all its work by the end of August and should then report that to the Security Council to lift the sanctions," Mr. Al Sahaf "If they don't give us our

rights, we will stop cooperat-ing with them," he said. Iraq has admitted that it produced botulism and anthrax .

But Mr. Wallen doubted the experts would meet Irag's deadline. "The Iraqis have said they have destroyed the documents. That makes the verification process cumbersome," he added.

# arms embargo on Bosnia GENEVA (AFP) - Leaders hand and a gun in the other

from the Muslim "contact group" on Bosnia called for a tougher U.N. mandate and reiterated calls to lift the Bosnian arms embargo, at a

meeting here Friday.
"Today the question is not whether we should terminate the (U.N.) mandate but to reinforce it and to give it additional means, said Secretary General Hamid Algabid of the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC), who described the U.N. Protection Force (UN-PROFOR) mandate as "illdefined."

"More than ever before the offer made by the troopcontributing countries to reinforce UNPROFOR needs to be seriously considered," said Mr. Algabid, who called for "the total liftng of the arms embargo."

Bosnian Foreign Minister Mohamed Sacirbey said, '(The) embargo is illegal... I don't understand why the burden is on Bosnin to show

"It allows the Serbs to continue their aggression," he said. "We have signed many documents but the other side has always chosen the military option.

"Pieces of paper don't seem to impress them. What

we must have is peace in one

hand and allow them to

"We think UNPROFOR framework is no longer appropriate," he continued. The Muslim "contact group" on Bosnia convened an emergency meeting here after Bosnian Serb forces overran the eastern enclave of Srebrenica some 10 days ago, causing about 29,500 Bosnian Muslims to flee, according to Bosnian offi-

They intended to urge the international community to lift the arms embargo to allow the Bosnian govern-ment to defend itself, OIC Secretary General Algabid said in Dubai Thursday. Muslim countries are still

ready to get involved in settling the Bosnian conflict but wanted to act together, Mr. Algabid said. He added that the OIC was "ready to reinforce" its contribution to UNPROFOR.

OIC countries with troops in Bosnia are Bangladesh, Egypt, Jordan, Malaysia. Pakistan and Turkey.

The meeting, which had originally been scheduled for Saturday, coincided with a meeting in London of Western powers seeking to halt the advance of Bosnian Serb

# **U.S.** senate passes bill allowing for write-off of Kingdom's debts

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The United States Friday moved closer towards fulfilling its pledge to write off all of Jordan's official debt after the U.S. Senate cleared with a 90-7 majority a bill that would allow the U.S. administration to cancel the last two remaining tranches of the Kingdom's debt.

The bill, known as the Rescissions Bill, contains a \$275 million allocation which will technically allow the U.S. administration to write off the remainder of Jordan's debt to the U.S., approximately \$488 million.

The next step is for U.S. President Bill Clinton to sign the legislation into law now that it has passed both chambers. The House of Representatives passed the bill on June 30.

Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti told reporters he hoped Mr. Clinton will sign the bill into law next week.

The passage of the bill will take off the rest of the debt Jordan owes to the United States, according to Rania Atallah, the director of the Jordan Information Bureau (JIB) in Washington. The first tranche of debt relief for Jordan was approved by the then Democratic-controlled Congress in August 1994, shortly after the signing of the Washington Declaration between Jordan and

Israel. After the presidential approval of the rescissions package, the U.S. would have written off a total of \$704 million of the Kingdom's debts. Ms. Atallah explained that commercial and certain military debts owed by Jordan to the U.S. are not eligible for debt relief under U.S. parameters. \_\_\_\_\_

In February 1995, the Clinton administration requested Congress to combine the two remaining tranches, \$488 million, so that the amount will be cancelled in one go instead of two in fiscal 1995 and

But differences between Democrats and Republiissues considerably delayed the bill, which cuts \$16 billion from the federal budget and also includes relief funds for the states of California and Oklahoma.

The latest controversy, triggered by Senator Paul . Wellstone, Democrat from Minnesota, over his insistence on including funds for low-cost energy for his district, delayed the bill for more than two weeks.

No controversy over Jordan's debt surfaced during the congressional debate of

The liberal Democrat delayed the bill despite the Clinton administration's clear desire to have the legislation approved.

The Embassy of the State of Israel in Amman wishes to inform the public that the phone numbers of the Embassy are as follows: The Consular Sction (for information) - 698548 The Embassy - 698541, 698542, 698543 Fax: 698571

Embassy of Israel Amman

Palestinian undercoyer

# Chirac ends Morocco visit

# **Moroccan King renews** bid for EU membership

RABAT (R) - French President Jacques Chirac ended a visit to Morocco Friday and flew to Ivory Coast on the second leg of a tour of former French colonies in Africa,

Mr. Chirac made no statements to the press at Rabat airport. The visit to Morocco, where he was given royal treatment by King Hassan, a long-time friend and ally, was Mr. Chirac's first official visit abroad since his election as president in May.
Morocco's King Hassan

said Thursday he would renew Morocco"s application to join the European Union (EU) as a full member and asked Mr. Chirac to back the proposal.

"In 1984, we applied to become full members of the European Community... we reiterate our request in your presence, Mr. President and dear friend, because we are convinced of your understanding and your ability to find appropriate ways for our admission. King Hassan said in a televised speech at a banquet in Mr. Chirac's hon-

Morocco's application for membership in what was then the European Community reference to deadlocked talks

CAIRO (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, in

an interview published Fri-

day, declined to commit him-

self on whether he would

appoint a vice president to

The question of the succes-

sion and the absence of any

obvious candidate arose with

urgency when muslim mili-

tant gunmen tried to kill Mr.

Mubarak in Addis Ababa on

"This is a subject which

succeed him.

was turned down in 1984, at a time when France held the rotating presidency.

King Hassan's revelation came as a surprise in view of Morocco's recent decision to begin talks Monday on an association accord with the EU. The so-called EU-Mediterranean Accord does not include provision for eventual membership.

King Hassan said in Arabic that Morocco's application was based on strategic, geographic and soico-political considerations.

Morocco considers France. its biggest trading partner and historical ally, as its window on Europe. Mr. Chirac said in his ban-

quet speech that Morocco could rely on French backing in the forthcoming association talks in Brussels, "When it comes to affirm-

ing your country's political, economic and social stability now that you have chosen to anchor vourself to Europe, you can count on me. Mr. Chirac told the Moroccan

King Hassan, in his speech, said Moroccan-EU relations were going through "a particularly difficult period," a

comes up for time to time,"

Mr. Mubarak told the gov-

ernment newspaper Al

"A few days ago I said the

constitution is the guarantee

of the country's stability...

and the constitution disting-

the transfer of power and the

possiblity of appointing one

uishes between two things -

Mubarak skirts round possible

appointment of vice president

on a fishing accord with the EU that has soured relations between Spain and Morocco.

Although he did not name Spain, which had the lion's share of Moroccan lincences granted to the EU fleet under a lapsed agreement, the king said some EU members were insensitive to Morocco's

"Unfortunately, some elements of the other party are fanatically opposed to the realities of geographic proximity and our vision of economic and social integration," the king said. King Hassan II did the

unthinkable Thursday when he hosted the state banquet for his close friend Jacques Chirac of France. He forgot his guest's name.

And what was worse, he invited his guests to toast President François Mitterrand, the former French leader who will not go down in history as a friend of Moroc-

"I ask you to stand up and honour our dear friend, the President of France, Jacques Mitterrand," King Hassan said in a live broadcast.

Mr. Chirac and King Hassan have been friends for 20

speaker of parliament takes

over for 60 days on the death

of a president and arranges

for parliament to nominate a

replacement. It gives no gui-

dance on how parliament

In practice, at least in the

last two cases, the incumbent

vice president - Anwar

Sadat in 1970 and Mubarak in

1981 — has been able to

assert his claims without se-

rious competition.



Royal Palace in Rabat, on the second day of With his son, Sidi Mohammad (centre), watching, King Hassan II of Morocco (left) presents French President Jacques Chirac with the Great Collar of Quissam Mohammadi, at the

Mr. Chirac's two-day stop in Morocco during his five-day trip in Africa (AFP photo)

# U.K. soldiers on trial for Cyprus murder

LARNACA, Cyprus (Agencies) - The wristmatch of a Danish tour guide was still ticking when her battered corpse was found in a shallow grave in a Cyprus village. a

court heard no Friday.

The court, trying three
British soldiers for the killing, was shown video tapes of the search and discovery of the corpse of 23-year-old Louise Jensen last Septem-

Defendants Alan Ford, 26, of Birmingham, Justin Fow-ler, 27, of Falmouth, Cornwall, and Jeff Pernell, 23, of Oldbury, all serving with the Royal Green Jackets at British army base on the Mediterranean island. pleaded not guilty Monday to charges of manslaughter. abduction and conspiracy to

They are alleged to have bludgeoned Jensen to death with a shovel after a drinking bout in the holiday resort of

Ayia Napa on Sept. 13. The courtroom was silent as police showed on a small television set gruesome scenes from the discovery of her body two days later.

Villagers at Paralimni, five kilometres from the Ayia Napa petrol station where the soldiers allegedly bundled her in their buggy, had found the corpse in a makeshift

The video showed Jensen's green watch, on her left wrist protruding from the earth, still ticking. A silver ring glistened in the sun, a stark contrast to her black and swollen fingers.

All three soldiers, who satopposite the television set, showed little sign of emotion. they looked impassively at shots of Jensen's legs and stomach sticking out from the red mud and state pathologist Marios Maisakis gently clearing the dirt from her body. with a towel:

Ford flinched during a close-up of her face, distorted by blows and decomposition. Her soiled and bloodied jeans were also shown next to the body together with her black boots.

Another tape showed footage of Fowler's yellow minimoke, allegedly used in Jensen's abduction. Drops of blood were visible on the bodywork, on the seats and

Miss Jensen was kidnapped just before midnight on Sept. 12 as she was being driven home on the motorbike of her Cypriot boyfriend, said the prosecutors Monday, the day the trial opened.

The boyfriend, Michael Vassiliades, reported the kidnapping to police, and they arrested the three Britons at a roadblock 90 minutes later, with bloodstains on their civilian clothes, on the car seats and on a shovel.

### Mr. Rajoub, 42, spent 17 years in Israeli prisons for attacks on soldiers. Now, as the West Bank's de facto security chief, he commands the undercover police officers who along with a uniformed Palestinian force will take over law enforcement from departing Israeli troops.

holds court.

If his crucial role in assuring the success of the Palestinian autonomy experiment worries Mr. Rajoub, he does not show it.

oppressive desert heat.

carpeted walls, gray satin cur-tains and fake leather

couches - the only air-

conditioned room in the

building - Jibril Rajoub

"We'll be ready," Mr. Rajoub, a heavyset, balding man with a black mustache and an abrupt manner, said in an interview. "There will be no vacuum."

After returning last summer from six years of exile in Tunisia, Mr. Rajoub spread agents throughout the West Bank, even though his official jurisdiction is limited to the Jericho enclave — the only part of the West Bank under PLO control.

Hundreds of his armed undercover enforces are stationed in West Bank towns, chasing drug dealers, interrogating suspected informers and settling private disputes. "Our officers are already everywhere... every city and

camp and town in the West Bank," he said proudly. Mr. Rajoub's activities have won him respect from some quarters - fear, resentment and accusations of

abuse from others. PLO leader Yasser Aşafat once accused Mr. Rajoub of overstepping his authority and trying to set up a ministate. Israeli police have arrested some of his agents for operating in East Jeru-

in Jericho, his agents drive at high speeds through quiet neighbourhood streets filled with playing children.

Mr. Rajoub denies allegations by Israeli security sources that his men may have been involved in killing collaborators.

Mr. Rajoub acknowledged that his men need "rehabilitation" to transform them when her group has pointed from the stone-throwers and out problems and suggested street fighters of the Palesti- reforms, she said.

police chief says he is ready to take over nian uprising into a profes-JERICHO, West Bank (AP)

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After a

sional police force. - Outside the headquarters For this purpose, Mr. Raof PLO security in the West joub has set up a police Bank, half a dozen young academy next to his headmen with Kalashnikov autoquarters in the Aqabat Jaber matic rifles slung across their refugee camp on the outskirts shoulders lounge in the of Jericho. Inside, in an office with

Just after dawn, groups of trainees are often seen jogging through the camp in sweat suits, chanting nationalist slogans such as "Long Live The People" to keep in step.

Aspiring agents go through a six-week training course on basics such as breaking up fights and making arrests. A two-year officer's course is planned. Perhaps unexpectedly for a

man with Mr. Rajoub's tough reputation, trainees also attend lectures on democracy and human rights. The Israel-Palestine centre for Research and Information helped design the curriculum. "We are trying to teach

them the importance of abiding by the laws - that nobody is above the law." said the centre's Zakaria Al Many trainees spent years

in Israeli jaik and have firsthand knowledge of human rights abuses, Al Quaq said. 'It touches them very sincerely and close to their hearts," he said. Mr. Rajoub insists the West Bank will be different

from Gaza, where human rights groups have criticised Mr. Arafat for setting up secret military tribunals that have tried more than a dozen Islamic militants opposed to the peace process. Armed opposition to the

PLO autonomy government will not be tolerated, but no one will be arrested for political reasons, Mr. Rajour "When these guys came a

year ago they were the walking wonders of the Palestinians," said Yoni Ben Menachem, a reporter who covers the West Bank for Israel Radio Now, Ben Menachem said it appears that Mr. Rajoub's men terro-rise the public they are supposed to protect. Hanan Ashrawi, a leading

Palestinian human rights monitor, said abuses by Mr. Rajoub's men appear to be "At the beginning they had

a very rough time, because they recruited bec weren't trained and had to improvise," she said. The force has been responsive

### Sudan carrying out genocide of Nuba severe repression by the port said. The SPLA is for Refugees! (WNHCR).... authorities. the guerrilla movement

NAIROBI (AFP) — Sudan's military-led government is carrying out genocide of the Nuba people, but the international community has been "almost completely silent" about it, the London-based monitoring group African Rights said in a report.

There is a moral imperative on all who are concerned with basic human rights to prevent this crime from being perpe-trated," the rights watchdog said. It added: "To the government in Khartoum, the Nuba are an anomaly: A people proud of their 'African-ness' in the heart of northern

Since 1983, African animists and Christians of the south have been fighting a guerrilla war against the predominantly Muslim and Arab north. The Nuba, comprising more than 50 tribes speaking as many languages, live in the undulating country of southern Kordofan and are either Christian or

Exposed to what the report termed "blatant racial discrimination, young Nuba joined the southern rebellion in the mid 1980s, sparking off or more vice presidents," he Under the constitution, the

African Rights said the

military government of President Omar Al Bashir who seized power in 1989 had "escalated this into a war of annihilation." It said the Sudan governgenocide by attrition: It is slowly and methodically grinding down the society and economy of the Nuba to a point where they simply do not exist."

Meanwhile in garrison towns, peace camps and mechanised farming schemes, the government was "remoulding the political and social identity of the Nuba by force," the report said. The aim was "to transform them into a deracinated underclass. the loval servants of an extremist Islamic state."

The "peace camps" are where distribution of humanitarian aid is controlled by the authorities for political purposes.

In army sweeps, villages were torched and crops destroyed "to create permanent famine, so that the SPLA soldiers surrender or run away, and the villagers submit themselves to the government 'peace camps', hoping at least to be fed." the reSudan People's Liberation Army led by John Garang.

The soldiers raped women, carried out summary executions, and arrested or killed men. African Rights went on. "Anyone with an

education is liable to be arrested and tortured, executed or 'disappeared'." it said. The government furthermore had "a policy of raping all Nuba women and girls who are abducted. It is an instrument of genocide."

Dozens of churches had been burned, many priests and catechists killed, and Christians in the peace camps were routinely forced to convert to Islam.

"What is more shocking is that the Sudan government is also desecrating mosques," the report dis-closed. "It is burning them and destroying copies of the Koran, as commanded by a Fatwa (religious decree) issued in 1992 by progovernment imams, which decreed: 'An insurgent who was previously a Muslim is now an apos-

The report concluded. "the desecration of mosques in the Nuba Mountains confirms the depths of the government's hypocrisy and its cynical abuse of religion in pursuit of power.

Meanwhile aid workers in Uganda said. increasing refugee problems in crisis spots in east and central Africa have diverted attention from the worsening plight of thousands of Sudanese refugees living in makeshift camps in northern Ugan-

The workers told the AFP reporter, who visited the overcrowded transit camp at Ogujabe between July 6 and 11, that decreasing food supplies to the families in these camps was already causing severe malnutrition and increasing deaths among children.

Malnourished children were everywhere in the camp, situated in the northwestern Moyo district, some 500 kilometres (300 miles) from the capital Kampala, with adult refugees sometimes becoming rowdy and threatening violence against U.N. High Commissioner

rian problems, with some

At Ogujabe Health Centre, mothers were sitting with pale, emaciated children on their laps, receiving instructions on feeding their dying offspring with the little food available. The centre records 20 deaths per week from malnutrition. aid officials said.

An aid worker with the Swiss branch of Medecins Sans Frontieres (MSF — Doctors Without Borders) who requested anonymity said that whenever they asked UNHCR for more food. they were told the U.N. World Food Programme (WFP) had not delivered any further supplies.

The WFP country director in Uganda. Tesema Negash, attributed the food shortage to donors' inability to give more. with the agency under increasing pressure from other refugee problems in the region.

The debacle was confirmed during a visit by U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali to Uganda last week, when he told reporters that the United Nations was unable to cope with all humanita20 crises worldwide. "The budget required

to cope with these new tasks had risen from about \$500 million to over \$3 billion per year," Dr. Ghali said. "We are overloaded. We are not able to mobilise the required money. The Ugandan govern-

ment recently did what

UNHCR resident repre-

sentative Ulf Kristoffers-

son said was "unbeliev-

able" when it allocated

about a hectare (2-1/2 acres) of land to each refugee family to enable them to grow food and be self-sufficient. Some 6.500 refugees have been resettled at Palorinva Refugee Settlement Camp, where about 1:650 families have started tilling the land and

some have even started planting maize and ground-nuts. Local residents have also offered some of their land to the refugees, to reciprocate hospitality

they were accorded when they were themselves refugees across the border in Sudan before peace returned in 1986, and they were repatriated back to

# TV: Israelis killed 35 Egyptian PoWs in 1956

TEL AVIV (R) - Israel Television, quoting an official army document to be published in Israel's Davar newspaper, said Thursday Israeli troops killed 35 Egyptian prisoners of war during the 1956 Suez campaign. It said paratroop Battalion

890, then commanded by Rafael Eitan, who is now a member of parliament and head of the right-wing Tsomet Party, killed the prisoners because it was isolated far behind enemy lines and feared Egyptian air strikes.

Mr. Eitan, who has put himself forward as a candidate for prime minister in 1996 elections, was not available for comment.

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Israel's state-run Channel i television said the document, the first of its kind ever released by the army's history division, would be published in Davar Friday.
The army said it would

check the report Friday. The television's security analyst, Amir Oren, said Mr. Eitan reported the killings during an investigation two weeks after the war.

The analyst said the incident took place a day before the Israeli force lost 38 men in the battle for the Mitla Pass. He'said no action was apparently taken against those involved, pointing out Mr. Eitan served years later as army chief-of-staff. 🦸

### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME TWO

17:00 Children's progreamme — Spirou 17:30 L'Ecole Des Fans 19:09 ...... News in French 19:15 Magazine — Faut Pas Rever 19:30 ..... New Headlines 19:35 First Flights 20:00 Major Dad 20:30 The Bold and the Beautifut 21:15 Dr. Quim-Medicine Woman 20:00 None in English 

## PRAYER TIMES

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l	CHIDCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfieh, Tel 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel.

De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel 628543, Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. nian Orthodox Church Tel. Armenis 77526 | . St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 652526.

Zvangenicar Lutteran Church 1ct: 824328. German-speaking Evangelicai Chargregation Tcl. 684935 The Latter Day Saints Tcl. 684932 Church of Nazarene Tcl.678691. The Evangelical Local Church in Tel. 811295

Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel:

# WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

Normal summer weather conditions will prevail with temperatures around average and winds northwesterly moderate to active. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly

Min./Max. temp. Yesterday's high temperatures:

### mman 31. Aqaba 38 Humidity readings: Amman 51 per cent. Aqaba 18 per cent.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** 

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Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy .. 637055 Yacouh pharmacy 637661 Shmeisani pharmacy Dr. Mohammad Khalili ..... 273499 Alouds pharmacy . . . . . . (---) ZAROA: Dr. Yousef Harzallah ...... 988075 Khalifeh pharmacy ...... 985417

## **EMERGENCIES** Food Control Centre ..... 637111 Civil Defence Department 601111 Civil Defence Immediate

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Rescue 630341 Civil Defence Emergency 100 Public Security Department 030321 Hotel Complaints 05031 Price Complaints 05176 Water and Sewerage Complaints 597467 Amman Municipality directory assistance) ... Repairs 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101 

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Zarqa Govt. Hospital (19)083323
Zarqa Nauonal Hospital (19)984560
Ibn Sina Hospital ...... (19)984732
Al Hitma Modern Hospital (19)99890
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## Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Naices Hospital ...... (12)247110 Protees Hays Hospital ..... (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) (Terminal 1)

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

06:00 Jakarta Singapore (RJ) 98:00 Damiscus (RJ) 99:45 New Delhi (RJ) 10:15 Aqaba (RJ) 10:30 Berrut (RJ) 10:30 Karachi, Dubui (RJ) 11:00 Abu Dhahi, Dubu (RJ) 16:90 New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 18:25 ...... Istanbul (RJ) 18:25 [tanhul (RJ) 19:00 [Cairo, Alexandria (RJ) 19:30 [London, Berlin (RJ) ..... Viene# (RJ) Madrid (RJ)

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DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Filghts , (Terminal 1)

12:49 ..... Istanbul (RI) 12:45 ..... Geneva, Madrid (RI) 13:90 Brussch, Amsterdam (RJ) ..... Caro, Alexandria (RJ) 13:55 ... London (RJ) 21:30 ... JCGGam (RJ) 22:39 ... Ahu Dhahr, Duhar (RJ) 93:09 ... Bahram, Doha (RJ)

### Other Flights (Terminal 2) 08:45 Borot (ME) Rome (AZ) Victoria (OS) Carro (MS) Larraca (CY)

Dep. Amatan ... 8.00 a.m. every Monday Arr. Damascus 5.00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Damascus 7:30 a.m. every Sanday Arr. Amatan ... 5:00 p.m. every Sanday **MARKET PRICES** Upper lower price in fits per kg. . Banana 680 Banana (Mukammar) 629 Carmi 120 / 80 Eggplant 170y 100 Garlic .... Okra 780 / 600
Onion (dry) 1707 100
Orange 350/250
Peaches 640/400
Peaches 220 / 150 Pepper (sweet) ..... Water Melon

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PAY, JULY 2,

Her Majesty Queen Noor Thursday greets recipients of the Malcom H. Kerr High School Scholarship Programme at Al Ma'wa Palace (photo by Crystal)

# Queen meets visiting President of Together for Peace Foundation to discuss concerns over Bosnia crisis

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her According to the state-Majesty Queen Noor Thursment, the American studay received the President of dents, accompanied by their the Together for Peace escort, Dr. Ronald Stockton, Foundation and the National are part of the eleventh Petra Women's Committee of the Summer Programme spon-Italian Red Cross and former sored by the Arab Cultural Vice-President of the Association in Amman and League of Red Cross and the National Council on Red Crescent Societies U.S.-Arab Relations Mariposa Fanfani to discuss Washington, D.C. their shared humanitarian concerns for the deteriorat-Queen Noor, who meets annually with the proing situation in Bosnia-Herzegovina as well as ways gramme participants, said

to open up corridors for she hoped that these projects relief aid and to mobilise will broaden American understanding and knowlinternational action to halt the aggression, according to edge of U.S.-Arab relations. a Royal Court statement. Oueen Noor expressed her During their two-week stay in Jordan the students deep appreciation for Ms. Fanfani's dedicated efforts to

supply relief aid to the Bosn-

ian Muslims and reiterated

unforgettable support of Jor-

Afterwards, Queen Noor

met with the 10 recipients of

the Malcom H. Kerr High

School Scholarship Pro-

gramme in Arab and Islam-

ic Studies at Al Ma'wa

received the final list of names.

the statement said.

visited the country's archaeological and cultural sites, toured model farms and her thanks for Ms, Fanfani's no attended various lectures and conferences that tocused dan during the Gulf crisis, on national and regional problems among which is water shortage, the statement said.

The Malcom H. Kerr High School Scholarship Programme, which was established by the National Council on U.S.-Arab Relations in 1984, provides young Americans with first-hand exposure to U.S.-Arab issues of vital concern.

Its namesake, the late Dr. Kerr, was the President of the American University of Beirm and an outstanding scholar.

The National Council on U.S.-Arab Relations, founded in 1983, is an American non-profit educational institution dedicated to familiarising Americans about the Arab World, the statement

### Philadelphia University graduates first class

Later, Queen Noor attended the first graduation ceremony of Philadelphia University where she distributed diplomas to 63 graduates and presented awards to 6 honour students.

Dr. Ihsan Abbas in Jori-

Arab World, was also presented with an award. Each year Philadelphia University plans to honour one person who has significantly contributed to Jordan and the Arab World, the

most critic and writer in the

statement said. In his speech, President of Philadelphia University Dr. Fouad Sheikh Salem out-

RJ leases new Airbus

**NEWS IN BRIEF** 

lined the university's plan to diversify its educational curriculum to meet the future needs of the local and regional job markets.

Queen Noor praised the university for offering its students a wide range of extracurricular activities that include scientific, academic, and recreational clubs and expressed hope that it will become a regional educational centre for the Arab World, the statement said.

Philadelphia University, established in 1991, is a private institute of higher education with 1,540 students from Jordan, Palestine, Syria, Lebanon, Iraq, Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Yemen, Qatar, Bahrain Sudan,

Malaysia. Its educational curriculum includes engineering, pharmady, basic sciences, law, computer sciences, economics, business administration, finance, banking, and translation.

Queen Noor, accompanied by Her Royal Highness Princess Ghida Talal, was received by Senator Leila Sharaf and other members of the university's Board of

# Symposium reviews role of King Abdullah in nation-building

Amman (Petra) - Deputising for Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Minister of Youth Samir Habashneh Thursday opened a one-day symposium to mark the 44th anniversary of the death of the late King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, who was assas-sinated at Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem.

Addressing the opening session of the seminar, which was intended to shed light on the political, military, intellectual, and cultural life of the late founder of the Kingdom, Mr Habashneh said King Abdullah was a thinker, politician and a statesman who not only believed in democracy but also endeavoured to implement its principles in the nascent state.

Mr. Habashneh said that the current democractic march, the state of law and the process of modern institution-building are all extensions of King Abdullah

He said that Jordan, during King Abdullah's rule, was a founding member of the League of Arab States, and has played an active role in seeking the liberation of Palestine and ensuring Arab

It was for these reasons that King Abdullah based



The late King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, accompanied by the late Prime Minister Samir Rifai, observes a military exercise during a visit to Egypt

Jordan's independence on clear pan-Arab principles,

Mr. Habashneh said. Following the opening ceremony, participants, mainly historians, politicians, intellectuals and thinkers, debated two working papers presented by Jordanian historians Suleiman Mousa and Suleiman Nuseirat. The first paper discussed

King Abdullah's political role in the Great Arab Revolt; the second reviewd his military role in the the revolt against foreign domination.

The second session dealt with two working papers

presented by Ibrahim Izzeddin and Yousef Ghawan-

The first paper addressed the establishment of the Emirate of Trans-Jordan; the second dealt King Abdullah's role in gaining independence for Jordan and in the building of the state.



A SHOW OF SUPPORT: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Thursday visits Bosnian families living in Amman. Prince Hassan expressed solidarity with the Bosnian people and called on the United Nations and the United States to end the ethnic cleansing campaign carried out by the Serbians against the Bosnian nation. The Crown Prince warned that the aggression on

Bosnia could extend to other parts of Europe. In his appeal for intervention by the United Nations and major world powers, Prince Hassan said that the prolonged suffering of a people creates different forms of extremism which, in turn, causes further ethnic and sec-

### largest possible number of those detainees. He said the AMMAN (Petra) - Royal Jordanian (RJ) has leased a new Airbus aircraft, bringing to 18 the total number of planes in Palestinian National Authority (PNA) maintains a list of the names of Jordanians jailed in Israel. But Jordan has not yet the RI fleet.. The new aircraft, which can seat 330 passengers, will be used on Amman-Europe flights after a paint job and maintenance at the RJ maintenance facilities. WHAT'S GOING ON

# **JERASH FESTIVAL**

Jordan, Israel to negotiate release of detainees

Amman (Petra)- Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti

Thursday said that Jordan's ambassador to Israel, Marwan

Muasher, is following up on status of Jordanian detainees in

Israeli jails, according to a report in the Arabic daily Al Rai.

In a statement to Al Quds Press, Mr. Kabariti said Jordan

will hold negotiations with Israel to secure the release of the

Concert by Latifa Al Tunisiyah of Tunis at the South Theatre at 8:30 p.m.

Poetry recital for children by Qamar Al Safadi at Gracia Theatre at 8:00 p.m. Play for children entitled "Birds Talk to Humans" at

the Sound and Light Theatre at 7:45 p.m. \*Poetry recital by Suleiman Al Issa, Farouq Shousha,

Dr. Alawi Al Hashimi, Ibrahim Nassrallah, Khalid Mahadin, and Suleiman Oweiss at Artemis Steps, 7:00 p.m.-9:00 p.m.

\*Performance by Nazareth Group of Popular Dancing at Artemis Steps at 9:00 p.m.

Performance by Arrman University Group at the and detainees at Abdul Hameed Shortan Foundation, Sound and Light Theatre at 9:00 p.m.

\* Concert by Zdravetz Folklore Group of Bulgaria at \* Paintings by Adnan Yahyah at Darat Al Funun. the Forum at 9:00 p.m.

\* Performance by several Jordanian groups at the Forum (6:30-9:00 p.m.).

Arafat briefs Jordanian envoy in Gaza

Gaza (Petra) - Palestinian President Yasser Arafat Thursday

briefed Ziad Majali, head of the Jordanian representation

office here, on the latest developments on the Jordanian-

Palestinian negotiations and outcome of the Alexandria

meeting between senior Palestinian and Israeli officials.

# **LECTURE**

 Lecture entitled "The Peace Process...WhereTo?" by Faisal Husseini at the Presidency Building of the University of Jordan at 12:00 noon.

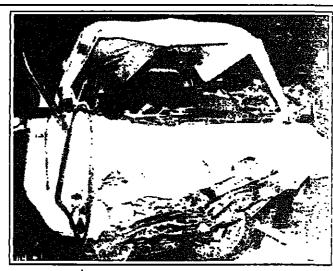
 Lecture (in Arabic) entitled "The Globe and Environmental Dangers" by Dr. Sufyan Tal at Adul Hameed Shoman Foundation, Jabal Amman at 6:30 p.m.

# **EXHIBITIONS**

\* Paintings and ceramics of Arab artists at Orfali Art Gallery, Umm Utheina.

\* Exhibition in honour of Palestinian intifada victims Jabal Amman.

\* Exhibition demonstrating the development of cinema "Street Show" by The Chipolatas at The Forum at 9:30 over the past century at the French Cultural Centre.



Witness view the wreckage of an ambulance (left) and a passenger car that collided Thursday on the University Road in Amman (photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

# Collision on University Road injures 8

AMMAN (J.T.) - Eight people were injured in a road accident just opposite the Jordan Times and Al Ra'i newspaper offices on University of Road Thursday evening.

Four of those involved remain in hospital under treatment; the other four victims were discharged shortly after receiving first aid, according to Jordan University Hospital sources

The accident involved an ambulance heading towards the University Hospital from Amman and a car heading in the opposite

According to eyewitnesses from Al Ra'i newspaper, the driver of the car was trying to avoid four children who were crossing the road at the

driver abruptly slammed on his brakes and the car crossed over the highway divider into the oncoming traffic and collided with the ambulance.

The drivers of both vehicles and a 13-year-old boy were among the injured,

according to the report. In another incident, the Civil Defence Department (CDD) said in a statement

that a team of divers pulled out the body of 23-year-old Hikmat Ahmad Mohammad Abu Abed from the reservoir of the King Talal Dam Thursday.

Relatives of the deceased had earlier reported his disappearance in the vicinity of

Also according to the CDD, an Iraqi citizen was killed when a bulldozer he was driving overturned and plunged down a steep hill in the stone quarry district in

Ma'in, south of Madaba. The CDD said that the victim was identified as Hajouj



# **Gonzalez under new pressure** to quit over death squad row

Felipe Gonzalez, bowing to fierce pressure, said Friday he would appear before parliament next week to answer allegations linking him to death squads that targeted suspected Basque separatists.

But the premier, who was facing new demands to resign and convene early elections. said he would not make any change in a timetable which now calls for general elections in the spring of 1996. They had been scheduled

for 1997, but Mr. Gonzalez said last week he would move them up following an uproar over a telephone bugging scandal involving the secret;

The premier said only that he decided to go before parliament after recognising the extent of "public concern" over the allegations made against him Thursday by former Socialist Party stalwart Ricardo García Dam-

He said the session would take place "in the middle of next week" out gave no date. Mr. Gonzalez, who spoke after a cabinet meeting, again denied Mr. Damborenea's allegations as "false". He

said he had asked the state general prosecutor to take action against his accuser, a former Socialist Party head in the Basque city of Bilbao who is facing trial in the death squad probe.

. Mr. Damborenea was the first witness to directly implicate Mr. Gonzalez in the creation of the death squads and his allegations raised criticism to a new pitch against a government already damaged by corruption scandals. Though Mr. Gonzalez was

said to have opposed any appearance before parliament - for which the opposition was pushing, party leaders apparently overrode his objections as the only way to limit fall-out over the scan-

The death squads, otherwise known as the antiterrorist liberation groups or GAL, have been blamed for killing at least 22 separatists in Spain's alleged dirty war against the Basque separatist organisation ETA in the mid

The government of Mr. Gonzalez, prime minister since 1982, has always denied any involved in GAL's creation and Mr. Gonzalez said conscience was clear".

But Mr. Damborenea told a press conference Thurday that GAL was created as a "political strategy decided by political officials," including Mr. Gonzalez and the interior and defence ministers at the time.

A Socialist Party statement Friday denied "that there was any strategy to create or encourage activities of GAL" and suggested — in a clear reference to the rightwing opposition Popular Party that "certain political leaders were motivated for electoral reasons to give credibility to such serious accusations.

Mr. Damborenea was forced out of the Socialist Party in 1990 and is now close to the Popular Party, even going on the campaign trail for the group in the Basque country during the last elec-tions in 1993 where he was known for his tough anti-ETA stance.

Mr. Damborenea was arrested last February, after investigators reopened the GAL case when two former police jailed for involvement implicated superiors. He was released on bail on charges of

murder of one of the alleged GAL victims.

His allegations mark the first time a suspect in the GAL probe has so directly implicated Mr. Gonzalez. "He knew of it because I talked to him about it several times," Mr. Damorenea said after appearing before an in-

But he has not tried to pass off blame, saying he himself took part in the formation of GAL and "regrets nothing because that is what had to be

The respected Socialist dai-ly El Pais Friday said the "lack of proof can, of course, rule out any criminal responsibility of the executive (in the GAL case) but can in no way rule out a political responsibility.

"There can be no grace for those who dragged the state through the mud, who played with democracy... and who fed ETA terrorism with an anti-terrorism just as criminal," it said.

The daily El Mundo went further, demanding the courts take action over Mr. Damborenea's allegations.

# Americans dissatisfied with Clinton

WASHINGTON (AFP) -Most Americans are dissatisfied with President Bill Clinton's performance but are also disillusioned with opposition Republicans who make up the majority in Congress, a poll said.

The survey by Louis Harris and Associates showed that 55 per cent of Americans have a poor opinion of Mr. Clinton compared to 44 per cent who take the opposite

Support for Republicans was at 35 per cent, down from 42 per cent in April. Republican Senate leader Bob Dole, the frontrunner for his party's presidential nomination, enjoyed the backing of 42 per cent of respondents compared to 45

per cent in April. House speaker Newt Gingrich was falling out of public favour with 35 per cent of those surveyed saying they approved of his performance compared to 41 per cent three months ago.
The survey of 1,005 adults

was conducted by telephone from July 13 to 16. The margin of error was about 3 per

SAN FRANCISCO (R) — The University of California

struck a severe blow to

affirmative action policies,

voting to stop using race or

sex as considerations in

admitting students, hiring

employees and signing con-

The final vote by the uni-

versity's governing Board of

Regents was taken in San

Francisco after 12 hours of

heated debate and despite

protests and disruption by

affirmative action supporters

It puts the huge university.

often a leader on other

issues, in the forefront of

moves to end affirmative ac-

tion programmes used since the 1960s to increase oppor-

tunities for women and racial

The vote, likely to have

national reverberations,

came just a day after presi-dent Bill Clinton endorsed

the goals of affirmative ac-

tion, saying they had been

Civil rights leader Jesse

Jackson, who joined other

black clergymen and students

in disrupting the regents'

good for America.

and a bomb threat.

minorities.

On Thursday, President

Clinton expressed unwaver-ing support for federal lawmen, slamming those who wage "war" against policemen and unleashing a thinly veiled attack on his Republican opponents.

"It is irresponsible for people in elected positions to suggest that the police are some sort of armed bureaucracy acting on private grudges and hidden agendas," Mr. Clinton said in a reference to Republican adversaries in Congress.

The president's comments come as the Republicancontrolled Congress was holding an exhaustive eight days of hearings into the potentially embarrassing tragedy at Waco. Texas two years ago in which four feder-I agents and dozen of members of a sect were killed. While Mr. Clinton ack-

nowledged that law enforcement made mistakes in the Waco tragedy -- now a symbol of government excess to many - he said the real villains were the Branch Davidian cult members. "There is no moral

equivalency between the disisting acts which took place inside that compound in

Waco and the efforts that law enforcement officers made to enforce the law and protect the lives of innocent people."

Democrats have wasted little time seizing on the sensational turn the hearings took Wednesday, when a 14-year-old girl testified that Branch Davidian leader David Koresh sexually molested her when she was 10.

Some Republica is have been frustrated that the graphic testimony, along with attacks on the National Rifle Association — a powerful gun lobby accused of playing an unethical role in the official hearings — have dominated the direction of the hearings so far.
"These hearings are not

just about the NRA and 14year-old girls." said New Hampshire Representative Bill Zeliff, who chairs one of the two panels investigating

The Waco tragedy began in February of 1993, when agents of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) stormed the compound to serve arrest warrants on alleged weapons violations.

### Charlie Sheen testifies he paid \$53,500 for Fieiss' prostitutes

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LOS ANGELES (AP) — A nervous Charlie Sheen admitted in videotaped testimony played in court Thursday that he hired Heidi Fleiss' prostitutes at least 27 times, paying them in excess of \$53,500. Sheen's deposition was played after another major development in the Hollywood Madam's money laundering trial: Her younger sister reneged on an agreement and refused to testify for the prosecution. In the 70-minute videotape. Sheen identified seven checks and discussed 20 cash payments paid to prostitutes between late 1991 and mid-1993. Wiping his brow, he discussed the transactions haltingly. Asked by a prosecutor about the sixth check he wrote for sex, Sheen said, "it's starting to add up." The full courtroom, including Heidi Fleiss, laughed. Sheen also testified that the money was for "sexual services heterosexual services." Some of the prostitutes were paid = as much as \$3,000. Sheen also said he hired a Fleiss prostitute on Christmas Day in 1992, paying her \$2,000. Sheen testified under a limited grant of immunity.

# U.S. university ends affirmative action ed the protesters but did not

meeting shortly before the final vote, pledged to resist the decision affecting the nine-campus univits 162,000 students. "These blows are too devastating to take lightly and not resist and fight back," he told supportes.

California Governor Pete Wilson, who has made ending affirmative action a cornerstone of his campaign for the 1996 Republican presidential nomination, hailed the vote as an "historic moment. It means the beginning of the end of racial preferences," Mr. Wilson told re-

porters. Mr. Wilson, a member of the Board of Regents, voted for the proposals. Asked about the threat of protests over the vote, Mr. Wilson said: "Anyone who breaks the law can look forward to being dealt with as a law-breaker.

They will be prosecuted." About 350 protesters marched off campus after the meeting. Scores of them sat down in the middle of a busy street where Rev. Jackson led them in singing "we shall not be moved." Police watcharrest them. Mr. Wilson argues affirma-

tive action policies are no longer needed and are unfair to some. Supporters, including Rev. Jackson, say race bias still exists and the policies remain essential.

The regents first voted 15-10 to stop using race or sex as criteria for awarding contracts or miring university staff starting Jan. 1, 1996. They then voted 14-10 to stop using race or sex as a consideration in admitting students to the university starting Jan. 1, 1997. Both resolutions were

proposed by Ward Connerly, a black regent appointed by Mr. Wilson. The new policy would

allow other considerations, such as poverty, to be used in selecting students.

Supporters of affirmative action, including Rev. Jackson, disrupted the regents' meeting after the first vote and regents were forced to continue the meeting inanother room without the 'public present.

### Americans back Miss America pageant swimsuits

WASHINGTON (R) - The Miss America pageant may not know it yet, but Americans by a more than two-toone margin want contestants to continue parading in bathing suits. Pageant officials recently announced that a telephone poil on the pageant's final night on Sept. 16 will determine if Americans want to continue the bathing suit tradition. Jumping the gun. an ABC News/Washington Post poll said that 68 per cent of adults want the swimsuit competition to continue compared to 28 per cent who did not and four per cent who did not know or did not care. If that is reflected in the pageant's telephone poli, the bathing suit competition presumably will continue as it has annually since 1921 in Atlantic City. It may be a blow to political correctness, but men favour watching the young female contestants in swimsuits by 76 to 20 per cent while women back swimsuits by 61 to 36 per cent. Under rules of the event, contestants from all states are judged on how they look in, bathing suits as well as on other criteria such as talent, poise and congeniality. The poll of 1,548 adults, with a three percentage point margin of error, was conducted July 14-17. The biggest boosters of the swimsuits were white males by an overwhelming 81 per cent.

# Murayama seen holding on despite vote

TOKYO (R) - Japan's leftright coalition government is likely to carry on as a caretaker administration after Sunday's parliamentary election, which will see a record poor turnout, political analysts said Friday.

Despite the upper-house poll's billing as a referendum on the coalition government of Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama, surveys suggest voters are more likely to go to the beach or stay away in protest from a largely issuefree contest. Since the upper house is

constitutionally less powerful than the lower house, voter interest is typically lower." said Eiji Tominomori, communications professor at Tokai University

Turnout for the contest to fill half the 252 seats in the upper house of parliament looks set to fall below 50 per cent, less than the all-time low of 50.7 per cent in the same elections in 1992, the Tokyo Shimbun reported Fri-

It cited its recent survey of 66.000 voters in which only 52 per cent of respondents expressed interest in the poll. the first national-level vote since a 1993 general election ended the 38-year-old rule of the Liberal Democratic Party

Fueling the apathy are growing indications that the leaders from the coalition of Mr. Murayama's Socialist Party, the LDP and Sakigake will attempt to remain in power whatever the election results, analysts said.

"Their priority is to preserve the coalition framework," said a senior political writer at a major iapanese daily. The Socialists, who offered

mbolic opposition to the

LDP for 40 years, joined:

hands with their foes last Mr. Murayama had been expected to face pressure to step down if his party captures less than a third of the 41 seats it has up for elec-

North Korea calls on U.N

Political insiders have predicted he will step down if the Socialists win nine seats or fewer, and stay on if it gets 15 or more, with 10 to 14 seen as "grey zone."

Analysts project the Socialists will capture just enough seats to fudge the question of defeat, allowing Mr. Murayama to linger on as a caretaker perhaps into next year. The New Frontier Party.

the main opposition group, may perform well Sunday but is not ready to topple the coalition, the analysts said. This stopgap scenario has the support of the LDP, which is focusing on a poten-

tially divisive election of a party president in September "Sunday's contest is merely a preparatory election for coming general relections." Mr. Tominomori/said.

The LDP would like to take the reins before general elections, which the prime minister can call at any time. but are not otherwise due until 1997, analysts said.

# Craxi declared officially on the run

MILAN (R) — A Milan court Friday formally declared former Italian Prime Minister Bettino Craxi, who has been living at his holiday villa in Tunisia for more than a vear, to be officially a fugitive from justice.

In the last few weeks. Ita-

lian judges have issued two

international warrants for the arrest of Mr. Craxi, 61. He is charged with corruption and illegal financing of

political parties during his time as Socialist Party leader and as prime minister from 1984 to 1987. The first warrant related to

alleged graft over the building of Milan's underground railway system. The second was issued in connection with a probe into bribes paid to political parties in exchange for contracts

from state electricity board

One of the most prominent politicians implicated in Italy's corruption scandals, Mr. Craxi has denied all the allegations against him. He has been living in Hammamet. Tunisia, since May 1994, saying he is too ill with diabetes to travel.

# U.S. House urges tougher China policy

WASHINGTON (AP) -Demanding a more assertive China policy, the U.S. House of Representatives approved a Bill to require closer monitoring of China's behaviour and beam U.S. radio broadcasts to the country.

But the compromise measure steered clear of the contentious issue of China's favourable trade status.

wearing yellow ribbon in honour of American human rights activist Harry Wu, under arrrest in China, the House approved the China Policy Bill 416-10.

The bill now goes to the Senate. It requires the president to report every six months on diplomatic initiatives to move China on hu-

tion and other issues. It also authorises Radio Free Asia, a radio service to begin broadcasting to China within three months of the bill's final pas-

But the house turned down, 321-107, a motion to override President Bill Clinton's decision to extend mostfavoured-nation trading sta-

# Taiwan continues drive to rejoin U.N.

TAIPEI (AFP) - Taiwan will continue its drive to re-join the United Nations despite protest by China, a Foreign Ministry official said

must be done... the soured stop us (from seeking U.N. readmission)." the official, whose name was withheld, was quoted by the China Times Express as saying.

international organisations.

Chinese Communists drove Nationalist forces to the island in 1949 in a civil war and has since claimed to be the only legitimate government of all of China.

ber General Assembly meet-

The U.N. readmission dispute occurred amid heightened tension across the Taiwan Straits as China conducts a week-long guidedmissile exercise just off Taiwan's northern tip.

Observers consider the missile exercise, which began Friday, a warning against recent attempts by Taiwan to win greater international recognition, including a "private" visit to the United States by its President Lee Teng-Hui.
"China's representation in

Democratic Progressive Party (DPP), also urged the United States - which switched

> Flights from Taiwan to South Korea have been rerouted and Taiwan fishermen have been forced to suspend operations, resulting in an estimated loss of 100 million Taiwan dollars (\$3.8 million). officials here said.

in fact blocked free sea and air transportation in the west' Pacific, which violates the the United Nations has been Taiwan Relations Act which lays emphasis on the safety of and order in the Pacific." the region," Mr. Shih told

up to voice its views on the missile test." Mr. Shih said before meeting B. Lynn Pas-coe, director of the American Institute in Taiwan, the United States' quasi-embassy here.

by China's military move.

Jaw Shau-Kong, secretarygeneral of a minor opposition group, the New Party, conde-

ings," he said. Mr. Jaw said his party would hold a mass demonstration Sunday to protest the

Assembly passed resolutions voicing disapproval of the testing at the opening of its 28-day session Friday. "The military manoeuvres

have threatened security in the region, damaged the harmonious ties between the two sides and caused tremendous loss to our fishermen." said Deputy Shao Tseng-Hai from the ruling Cuomintang.

DPP deputy Tsai Ming-Hsien asked both Taipei and Beijing "to respect each other's sovereignty and strive

Taiwan authorities have tried to ease public auxiety over the past several days.

Yeh Chin-Feng. vice chairman of the cabinet-level Mainland Affairs Council, said "cross-straits exchanges would continue despite the event.

The investment commission.approved Thursday nine mainland-bound investment projects worth a total of \$75 million. Some 20.000 Taiwan enter-

prises have invested a com-bined \$13 billion in China for various projects. Observers in Taiwan have interpreted the missile man-

oeuvres as a warning in

Taiwan after its attempts to gain international recogni-The missile type was not disclosed in the Chinese announcement of the test last Tuesday, but Western military attaches in Beijing speculate it could be part of a

China's intercontinental ballistic missile arsenal. Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesman Shen Guofang said Thursday the planned surface-to-surface missile tests are not related to possible use of force against Taiwan.

programme to modernise

The launches are normal military tests, as carried out previously by China and by other countries. Mr. Shen told a news briefing.

"Only in the case of the independence of Taiwan or foreign invasion of Taiwan would we resort to force. Resorting to force has no direct linkage to the missile test," Mr. Shen said when asked under what circumstances Beijing would use mis-

# 12-year-old develops world's

year-old Chinese girl has developed what the official

Chinese media claims is the largest pair of breasts in the world. Tipping the scales at a hefty 10 kilogrammes (22 pounds) each, Ting Jiafen's breasts are far heavier and larger than those of an African woman who currently occupies a slot in the Guiness Book of World Records, the Xinhua News Agency said. Ting, who lives in a village in the southwestern province of Guizhou, is currently undergoing treatment in a local hospital to reduce the size of her breasts, which stand 30 centimetres (12 inches) high and 48 cms (19.2 inches) long. "Her breasts began to grow last February, and they were as large as fists by May, getting bigger and bigger afterwards. Ting's mother said, adding that her daughter had yet to begin menstructing. According to doctors at the hospital, the girl's breasts are no different from other women's, "except for their huge size." Having diagnosed the problem as an abnormal structure of the mammary glands, the doctors have appealed to medical experts nationwide to help with Ting's condition, which is extremely painful and has forced her to drop out of school. According to her mother, Ting has a history of ill health. In 1993, she lost her ability to walk and needed calcium pills to get her back on her feet. She also suffered from temporary blindness in May and June last year, although that condition also cleared up after medical treatment.

### Boutros Ghali to dissolve the in a letter to Dr. Ghali on United Nations Command in July 3. "It is possible for the U.N. The text of the letter was to take a measure to lower tinuing presence 42 years afcarried by the North's mouththe U.N. flag of the U.N.

Korea has again called on U.N. Secretary-General the South, saying its conter the end of the war is "unjustifiable." monitors

"It is a very abnormal phe-

tente," North Korean Vice Premier Kim Yong-Nam said

piece Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) Friday, the eve of scheduled trip by South Korean President Kim Young-Sam to the United

to dissolve its command in South SEOUL (AFP) - North trend of international de-

to hold talks with U.S. President Bill Clinton on the future of the Korean peninsula.

Forces Command' and withdraw it," the letter said. adding that in effect the U.N. Command was a euphemism for the 37.000 U.S. troops

### nomenon, contrary to the States where he is scheduled stationed in the South. Simpson defence suffers tripple setbacks

LOS ANGELES (AP) -O.J. Simpsons defence suffered triple setbacks in its effort to make a pair of bloody socks the core of its theory that Simpson was

- The judge blocked most

testimony from an expert

who conducted tests that the

defence contends could prove

framed for murder.

blood was planted on socks seized from the foot of Simpson's bed. A police photographer called by the defence gave jurors an explanation why the socks weren't there when he videotaped Simpson's bedroom the afternoon after

Nicole Brown Simpson and

Ronald Goldman were mur- And a police detective. the day's last witness, said he saw the socks about 12:40 p.m. and ordered them seized because they place." He said a criminalist collected them before the photographer videotaped

called by the defence to tell how he went to Chicago to collect a broken drinking glass, bedding and a bloody towel from Chicago Police. corroboration for Simpson's claim that he cut his hand at his hotel, not while commit-

"appeared to be out of Simpson's bedroom at 4:13 Detective Bert Luper was

the detective, who was also at time to prepare. Simpson's estate the day after the murders, to counter defence implications that the from Herbert MacDonell.

police video was shot.

of his ex-wife and her friend. The testimony came on a particularly tense trial day. Superior Court Judge Lance Ito told defence attorney Johnnie Cochran Jr. to sit down, apologised to jurors for being "in a bad mood" and fined chief prosecutor Marcia Clark \$250 for per-

Ms. Clark disparaged the expertise of a proposed expert witness, accused the defence of "trial by ambush" and suggested Simpson's attorneys were trying to mislead and confuse the jury.

Simpson, a former football star, is charged in the killings

sonal attacks against others in arguments outside the jury's presence.

The fine came during a dispute over proposed testimony from an expert who will say that a lab preservative called EDTA was found on the socks and on a back gate of Ms. Simpson's condominium. That preservative is commonly added to blood stored at the police crime lab. and the defence argues its presence in evidence blood samples would prove that

blood was planted. Ms. Clark also demanded more time to prepare for testimony from Fredric Rieders. founder of National Medical Services Laboratory in Willow Grove, Pennsylvania. but the defence argued But the prosecution used she had been given enough

The testimony Judge Ito

blocked was to have come

socks were planted after the who examined blood spatters

on the socks and was going to tell jurors about his results. Judge. Ito agreed with prosecutors that Mr. MacDonnell's experiment, which gauged the drying time of blood on sock fabric, was

> were not accurately recreated. The judge severely limited any testimony that Mr. Mac-Donell can give, saving he may not describe the pre-sence of blood on the sock's interior and may say only, there's a red something

flawed because the sock

materials and conditions

affecting the socks in the case

there.' Defence lawyers have said Mr. MacDonell's experiments suggested blood was placed on at least one of the socks when it was lying flat. not when it had a foot inside. Prosecutors contend Simp-

son dropped the socks on a

bedroom rug as he hastily

prepared for a trip to Chicago

after murdering his ex-wife

and her friend on June 12. Simpson's lawyers filed a motion claiming the judge had "crippled" their client's defence by refusing to allow testimony about Fave Resnick. Ms. Simpson's friend and a recovering drug addict. The Defence asked Judge Ito to reconsider his ruling that Ms. Resnick's former boyfriend. Christian Reichardt. couldn't provide details about her cocaine use. His ruling scuttled defence plans to

claim drug dealers mistakenly

killed Ms. Simpson while

aiming for Ms. Resnick.

justly settled in political. legal and procedural terms. Chinese Foreign Ministry

spokesman Shen Guofang

In the past two years.

lobbying teams abroad and

offering to set aside a \$1

billion fund to help develop-

ing nations after it is accepted

sovereignty over Taiwan.

bars those countries with

which it has diplomatic ties

from developing official links

opposition parties on Friday

accused China of fuelling ten-

sion in the western Pacific as

the People's Liberation

Army was scheduled to begin

the guided-missile exercise. Shih Ming-Teh, chairman

of the main opposition

Meanwhile Taiwan's main

Beijing, which claims

by the U.N.

with Taiwan.

said Thursday. He added that Taiwan "has here Friday. "What should be done no qualification at all to reenter or accede to the United cross-straits relations won't Nations in any form" since it is not a sovereign state. Taiwan has stepped up efforts seeking overseas sup-port for its U.N. bid. sending

But the official said Taiwan would be more careful in its approach to avoid further angering China which replaced Taiwan in the U.N. in 1971 and which has since blocked Taiwan from joining

the paper said.

China lashed out Thursday at Taiwan's latest bid to return to the U.N., citing a proposal by 15 nations that had asked U.N. authorities to consider the island republic's reentry request at its Septem-

diplomatic recognition from Taipei to Beijing in 1979 -to speak out against the week-long exercise, taking place just 120 kilometres or so off Taiwan's northern tip.

"The military exercise has

reporters.

Washington "should stand

In a show of confidence in Taiwan, Mr. Shih opened an account with the Taiwan Stock Exchange where the weighted price index regained 10.98 points Friday after plunging 369.2 points. or 6.8 per cent, in the previous two sessions, spooked

mned the missile test, saying it "forced cross-straits relations, which had improved. back to where they started." "Peace across the Taiwan Strait is vital in both sides.... China must stop taking such steps to hurt people's feel-

Members of the National

with reason to establish peace

largest breasts BEIJING (AFP) - A 12-

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JULY 22, 1995

ELES (AP)
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3TON (R) - 11€ rica pageant ma it yet, but Ame more than two-to a want contestant e parading in bat 'ageant officials is ounced that a telon the pagean. on Sept. In wi if Americans was e the bathing sei Jumping the gun News/Washinger aid that 68 per acwant the swimse in to continue we 8 per cent who de ar per cent who a: or did not care ! reflected in in i**elepho**ne poll. 🕁 it competition pre vill continue as i ally since 1921 r lity. It may be: olitical correctness rale contestant c 3y 76 to 20 per cer en back swimszt 6 per cent. Una: be event, consn all states at how they look 5 iits as well as #

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from temporal n May and June Peace Prize-winner has been surrounded by top members ithough that we of the NLD party she cocleared up site founded since she was released on July 10.

regime.

# Russians announce breakthrough on Chechenya's status

GROZNY, Russia (AFP) — Russian peace negotiators announced a breakthrough Friday on the political status of Chechenya and said they expected a current round of talks with Chechen separatists to finish up at the. weekend.

Referring to the break-away republic's political status, the main stumbling block in the talks, Russian delegation member Arkady Volsky told reporters: "The question

But Mr. Volsky did not say what the agreement reached was, saying both sides had 'agreed not to comment" until the details were announced at a press conference Saturday.

Mr. Volsky said the current round of talks would

probably be wrapped up Sun-He did not rule out more

discussions, explaining that the two sides had not yet gone over a block of economic questions. Chechen delegation chief

Usman Imayev, who rejoined the talks Friday after several days of illness, described them as "very businesslike" but declined further com-Earlier, Akhyad Idigov,

the former parliament speaker in Chechenya, said the Chechens wanted the breakaway republic's status to be decided in a referendum. But such a vote could not

take place before the total withdrawal of Russian troops, he said. It was unclear whether Mr.

Idigov was expressing his personal opinion or speaking on behalf of the Chechen delegation to the talks.

The Chechen side has demanded immediate recognition of Chechenya's sovereignty, while the Russians have said the issue of Chechenya's final status should be postponed until after elections are held in the

republic. They are tentatively last day of the parliamentary scheduled for November: "Illust ession before the summer After Thursday's session of holidays. It was headed up by Stanischief Vyacheslav Mikhailöv lav Govorukhin, a centrist said the negotiators had deputy fiercely opposed to Chechenya in four lines," but he did not elaborate.

confirm Mr. Mikhailov's

MOSCOW (R) — Interfax News Agency said Thursday

President Boris Yeltsin had

appointed Colonel-General

Mikhail Barsukov as Russia's

new head of state security.

but the Kremlin and Gen.

Barsukov himself later de-

office nor his press office has

the head of state's decree on

the appointment of Colonel-

General Mikhail Barsukov as

director of the Federal Secur-

ity Service (FSB)," Sergei Medvedev, Mr. Yeltsin's

Interfax, which carried the

original report, issued a

second report quoting Gen.

press secretary, said.

Neither the president's

nied the report.

statement, Mr. Volsky simply said Friday: "actually it's six - well, it really depends how you type it with the compu-

Talks resumed Thursday after a three-day break for consultations.

The two sides have already agreed on some points of a peace settlement, including the declaration of a ceasefire monitored by joint commis-sions and the formation of Chechen self-defence regiments in towns and villages which would subsequently be replaced by Chechen police.

Mr. Imayev said Friday he had a list of Russian soldiers being held by the Chechens, as he arrived at the Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) mission, where the talks are being held.

He told one of the mothers of Russian soldiers who have been keeping a vigil outside the OSCE mission that if her son was on Chechen territory, "he is free, you can take him back with you."

Since the peace talks began a month ago, only a few prisoners have been exchanged by both sides as a gesture of goodwill. An organisation grouping the mothers of missing Russian soldiers estimates the number of missing troops at 900 while Russian authorities put the figure at 200.

According to various estimates, between 15,000 and 30,000 people have died since Russian troops stormed into Chechenya on Dec. 11 to quell a three-year-old secessionist movement.

Responsibility for the Chechenya crisis rests with Russian President Boris Yeltsin. a parliamentary commission said Friday, according to Russian news agency ITAR-

The commission of inquiry set up by the Duma, the Russian lower chamber, presented its conclusions on the

The report released to the Duma, said: "Given that no decision can be taken without the Russian president, the

Barsukov as saying that he

also was unaware of his

TASS news agency that Gen.

Barsukov was very surprised

by the first Interfax report.

It was not immediately

clear if Gen. Barsukov would

later be confirmed in office or

the initial report was simply

The original report said

Mr. Yeltsin had named Gen.

Barsukov, who is head of

security for Russian leaders.

to succeed Sergei Stepashin

in the aftermath of the

Chechen hostage crisis in the

The NLD emerged in 1988

as Burma's main opposition

party, supported by millions

who took to the streets in

pro-democracy demonstra-

tions that were brutally-sup-

pressed by the military with.

Ms. Suu /Kyi's outspoken

attacks on the military's

methods resulted in her July

20, 1989, arrestl but the NLD

swept 1990 elections anyway.

winning more than 80 per

cent of parliamentary seats.

Order Restoration Council

(SLORC) refused to honour

the election results and si-

lenced those NLD members

tained with further arrests or

Ms. Suu Kyi believes her

party will be able to regroup

and launch dialogue with the

had not already been de-

intimidation.

SLORC.

The ruling State Law and

heavy loss of life.

Gen. Stepashin was sacked

as head of the FSB.

Mr. Medvedev told ITAR-

Mr. Yeltsin.

appointment.



A Russian soldier guarding ammunition supplies takes a nan in the sunshine in the destroyed Chechen capital of Grozny where the Russian-Chechen peace talks resumed (AFP)

commission judges that the main responsibility for the crisis situation in Chechenya rests with the president.'

The report added: "President Yeltsin, insofar as the constitution guarantees, has not fulfilled his duties with respect to the integrity of the Russian Federation. Friday's text was signed by

six out of 10 commission They represented Vladimir Zhirinovsky's ultranationalist faction; the centrist Russian Democratic Party (DPR); the Agrarian Par-

ty; the Women of Russia

group; the Communist Party; and a representative of the independent deputies. Four deputies dissented from the commission's findings, including: Victor Cheinis of the Yabioko refor-mist group; Boris Zolotukhin of the ultra-reformist Choice

of Russia; and Yuri Voevoda of the pro-government Stabil-In the courses of its inquiries, the commission tried to find out "why Dudayev's

regime (had been) quite com-

southern town of Buden-

It said Mr. Yeltsin had

asked Gen. Barsukov several

times over the past two years

to take over as state security

chief. The FSB is a successor

to the old Soviet KGB.

though it has much lesser

powers and has no intelli-

gence role outside Russia.

Interfax quoted Mr. Barsu-

kov as recently criticising the

leadership of the F\$B, saying

it was indulging too much in

political snooping instead

Gen. Stepashin was dismis-

sed by Yeltsin together with

the then interior minister and

nof counter-intelligence activ-

novsk last month.

fortable with the Yeltsin administration for three years, and why it (had) suddenly decided to break with him at the end of three

The commission also noted that arms trafficking from Russia to Chechenya took place for three years and continued after the start of the Russian military intervention on Dec. 11.

Commission leader Govorukin has come out in favour of independence for Chechenya. He said Russians would

live "better than before" once rid of the criminal Chechen groups who terrorise our towns.

He proposed deputies adopt an constitutional amendment excluding Chechenya from the Russian Federation, but keeping its three porthern regions -Nadterecheny, Naurski and Shchelkovski — where most population is Kussian Govorukin's own son lost an arm from wounds received

while shooting a film on the

the nationalities minister be-

cause of the Chechen raid on

Budennovsk in which more

than 120 people were killed.

said President Yeltsin is like-

ly to leave hospital at the

course of hospital treatment

is nearing completion and in

a few days' time he will be

sent on the advice of doctors

to one of the Sanatoria near

Moscow," it said, quoting

Mr. Yeltsin has been in

Moscow's Central Clinic-

Hospital sine early last week,

when he fell ill with a blood

supply problem to his heart.

Mr. Medvedev.

beginning of next week.

Also Friday ITAR-TASS

The Russian president's

separatist group holding five Western hostages said.

agency in this Kashmir summer capital, did not identify which of the five abducted Westerners had allegedly been wounded. The group, which is demanding the release of 21

imprisoned Muslim separatist guerrillas from Indian prisons, has abducted two Britons, an American, a Ger-

ment said. "We were able to kill two soldiers and injure many of

"the Mujahedeen were able to take them (the hostages) to a safe place alive." It also slammed the Indian

Police and paramilitary

forces Friday launched a new

operation here to flush out

militants as violence in the

city claimed four more lives,

Police found two bullet-

riddled bodies bearing tor-

ture marks in central Nazima-

bad area while snipers killed

a police constable and a

youth in the eastern part of

Earlier, security forces cor-

doned off central Gulbahar

district where more than 100

people have died violently

The operation was

mounted after reports that

"terrorists" have moved into

the densely populated neigh-

bourhood, a security official

Residents said the militants

had erected barricades and

dug trenches to prevent

troops entering the narrow

lanes. But, amid sporadic

gunfire, security forces man-

aged to penetrate some

No casualties were re-

ported. Unlike previous op-

erations in the eastern suburb

of Orangi and the western

industrial district of Korangi,

no pitched battles, developed

in the pro-Mohajir Qaumi

Movement (MQM) district,

Some suspects had been

arrested in house-to-house

areas, officials said.

officials said.

said.

over the past two months.

the city, they said.

officials said.

ercise restraint" and said "we

and Keith Mangan and American Denald Hutchings on July 4 near the mountain resort of Fahalgam. They seized German Dirk Hasert and Norwegian Hans Ostro in the same area four days

Al Faran had set last Monday evening as a deadline for the authorities to release the 21 imprisoned Muslim mili-

"We strongly deny that we

The fax received in New Delhi Friday renewed a threat from the militants to kill the captives, saying the Koran sanctioned the deaths

Troops launch new operation as 4 killed in Karachi

the hostage crisis came as the

Mr. Pilot told reporters in high-level investigation.

while he was willing to try to negotiate the release of the five Westerners abducted in

Tigers denied sending the let-

The letter to residents in Puttalam, a coastal town 120 kilometres north of Colombo where almost 90 per cent of the population is Muslim, says the "soil of Puttalam belongs to Tamil motherland for a long period before his-

Colombo minister: Offensive will

end after defeat of Tamil rebels

cently captured from the LTTE after a 12-day ground

offensive in the peninsula.

have driven out troops from

several positions held by the

army but the military coun-

tered by saying it was in full

control of 78 square

kilometres (31 squares miles)

of ground seized during the

A total of 69 security per-sonnel were killed in Opera-

tion Leap Forward, accord-

ing to the military. The LTTE has admitted losing 97

separate state in the north-

east for Sri Lanka's two mil-

lion minority Tamils, who

dominate the region. More

than 50,000 people have been

killed in the protracted ethnic conflict in the past two de-

town of Puttalam have re-

ceived letters purportedly sent by Tamil military telling

them to leave town or die.

The photocopied letters,

signed in the name of the

Liberation Tigers of Tamil

Eelam (LTTE), said if the

Muslims did not leave by

Aug. 1, they would meet the

same fate as Muslims in the

eastern towns of Kattankudy

independent homeland in the

north and east, massacred

140 Muslims praying in a

mosque at Kattankudy in Au-

gust, 1990. They killed

another 122 Muslims in Era-

vur, north of Kattankudy,

received similar letters last

month telling them to leave

by July 1 or be killed. The

Residents in Kattankudy

The tigers, fighting for an

and Eravur.

nine days later.

residents said Friday.

Meanwhile, Muslims living

The LTTE is fighting for a

operation.

The LTTE has claimed to

It said the Tigers needed only an hour to turn Puttalam into a "forest of dead bodies" just as it did in Kattankudy and Eravur

Residents said the letter was the first of its kind and came as a surprise because the world-be Tiger homeland, or Eelam, was in the north and east.

'We have been here more than 100 years and don't understand why the letter has come now. We are not ready to go," a resident said, adding that the letters had

in the western Sri Lankan arrived Thursday. But he also said some Muslims believed the letters may have been sent by troublemakers a grudge against Muslim traders and not by the

Deputy Telecommunica-tions Minister M.I.A.M. Hisbullah, a Muslim Congress member of parliament, also said he did not believe it was a Tiger letter.

The LTTE have no reason to want "Muslims to leave Puttalam," he said." In the north or east, I could understand, but not here. The people are not Too Wor-

The head of the Sri Lanka Muslim Congress, M.H.M. Ashraff, was visiting Puttalam Friday and was unavail-

able for comment. Amnesty International has appealed to the Sri Lankan

government to protect civi-

lians as its troops prepared to. resume the northern offensive to crush Tamili rebels.

The London-based human rights organisation, in a report that reached Reuters Thursday, welcomed steps taken by the government to protect people from human rights abuses, including ex-

trajudicial executions. While welcoming these recent steps. Amnesty International is concerned about continuing reports of arbitrary arrests, torture including rape, disappearances and extraindicial executions being reported in the notheast," it

"Amnesty International is urging the government to instruct all rellevant members of the security forces to exercise continuing vigilance. accompanied by prompt intervention and disciplinary action to check abuses."

Amnesty said it had received news of arrests of hundreds of people from the Tamil Minority in the east and in Colombo.

It said the arrests began after April 19, when the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) ended a truce with Colombo and the two. sides resumed a 12-year ethnic war which the government savs has claimed more

than 50,000 lives. Amnesty accused troops assisted by Tamil groups opposed to the LTTE of carrying out arbitrary arrests in

It said the emergency regulations and Prevention of Terrorism Act, under which they were being made, gave security forces wide powers to detain and hold people incommunicado for long periods without charge or

# '2 kidnapped tourists hurt in Kashmir gunbattle'

SRINAGAR, India (AFP) Two Western tourists being held by Muslim mili-. tants in Kashmir were 👵 wounded Friday in a gunbat-. ... tle with Indian troops, the

COLOMBO (AFP) — The Sri Lankan government Fri-

day vowed to continue milit-

ary operations against Tamil

guerrillas until they were de-

feated and rejected specula-

tion that troops would aban-

don territory seized from re-

Deputy Defence Minister,

Anuruddha Ratwatte, told

parliament that security

forces would conclude opera-

tions in the embattled north-

east only after the rebel Li-

beration tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) were defated.

lude their operations only af-

ter defeating the terrorists

according to a set plan," Mr.

Ratwatte said, adding that a

political solution would be

the second stage of the gov-

ernment's plan to restore

troops who carried out a ma-

jor military-strike codenamed

Leap Forward in the Jaffna

peninsula would hold on to

tion Leap Forward to return

to Palaly," where the military

assault was launched on the

Jaffna peninsula on June 9.

the rebel-controlled Jaffna

peninsula from the Palaly

base eventually saw troops

returning after a day or two

ing in several areas and we

will march forward," Mr.

Ratwatte said. However he

declined to give details of the

next phase of the offensive

because he did not want vital

information "to fall into

Mr. ratwatte was respond-

ing to opposition demands to

clarify reports that the army

had pulled out of areas re-

enemy hands."

"We have been consolidat-

to their original frontlines.

Previous army advances in

'We didn't launch Opera-

captured territory.

He said that thusands of

"Security forces will con-

Al Faran, in a handwritten statement in Urdu delivered to an international news

man and a Norwegian.

"Today (Friday) at 9:00 a.m. there was a bloody gunbattle with the security forces which lasted for 25 minutes in which two tourists were injured and a Mujahedeen (guerrilla) was critically injured," the Al Faran state-

them," it said. The statement added that

authorities for failing to "ex-

have already warned the In-

dian forces not to follow us." Al Faran militants abducted Britons Paul Wells

tants, failing which the hos-tages would be killed.

In Friday's statement. which resembled previous communiques from Al Faran, the group also dismissed as "Indian propaganda," a fax message received by an international news agency in New Delhi Friday.

have sent any faxes to the foreign media to give news," the statement said. "At present we have contact only with local correspondents who work for foreign agen-

of "infidels" in free fellow Muslims. The latest developments in

Indian government minister accused Pakistani agents of carrying out a bombing in Jammu, the Kashmir winter capital, which left 20 people dead and 60 injured Thurs

Hindus outraged by the bomb blast clashed with police in Jammu Friday and gave a hostile reception to Minister of State for Internal Security Rajesh Pilot, chanting anti-government and anti-Pakistan slogans, witnesses

the predominantly-Hindu city of 700,000 people in southern Kashmir that Pakistan is responsible for this blast" and promised a

Indian officials said the bombing and kidnapping of five Western tourists may be linked to a campaign by hardline Muslim militant groups to disrupt an annual Hindu pilgrimage scheduled to be-

gin on Aug. 1. A Pakistani religious and political leader said meanernment was opposed to using him as a mediator. Maulana Fazalur Rehman,

Kashmir, but the Indian gov-

speaking during a private visit in New Delhi, said that as a "humanitarian" gesture he would mediate in the hostage crisis.

But, he said, a lack of response from the Indian authorities had left "practically no ground for mediation to secure the release of the

A violent Muslim seccessionist campaign in Kashmir. India's only Muslim majority state, has left more than 12,000 people dead since

India accuses Pakistan of arming and training the Muslim insurgents, a charge de-

nied by Islamabad. Indian officials denied the claim by Kashmiri militants that the two Western hostages were injures in a gunbattle between Indian troops

and the guerrillas Friday. Indian officials monitoring the talks from New Delhi between the Al Faran militants and government representatives said they were puzzled by the news of a gunbartle which the guerrillas said killed two Indian soldiers and injured one of the abductors.

# Burma's Suu Kyi works to unite party

Kremlin denies new Russian security chief named

RANGOON (R) - Ten days after being released from six years of house arrest, opposition leader Aung San Suu Kyi is working to ensure her party is united and behind her as they renew their quest for democracy in Burma.

On Thursday, six years to the day that Ms. Suu Kyi was arrested by the military and placed under house arrest for 'endangering the state," she continued meetings with fellow democracy leaders to plot their course of action.

Diplomats and opposition leaders say Ms. Suu Kyi's first priority must be to reorganise her National League for Democracy (NLD), which has suffered factions and leadership problems over the past few years. if she hopes to make any progress with the military

The party must consolidate its position. Then try and work things forward," a diplomat said. "They need to decide what they want to talk. to the regime about." Diplomats said the military

had the strategic upper hand because they have had years to plan what to do after releasing Ms. Suu Kyi, while the party was taken by sur-The 50-year-old Nobel

"Wef are a very disciplined organisation despite the fact we've been limping along due to circumstances beyond our control," Ms. Suu Kyi said. First she must conquer opposition members' fears

and suspicions of their military rulers, calling for caution while also asking for support. "Wait with patience, have a strong will," Ms. Suu Kyi told hundreds of people gathered at her front gates this week. "Be clever and be

careful not to do anything Diplomats and opposition

leaders say aithough Ms. Suu Kyi is urging caution and patience, the situation could again turn ugly if the military does not agree to dialogue. and the opposition decides to turn to the streets and demonstrate.

"If SLORC says they won't dialogue, it could lead to another step, a period of agitation," one opposition leader said. "But agitation in a totalitarian state could lead A student supporter of Ms.

Sun Kyi agreed. "There could be a lot of problems or a lot of good things in this country. said. "If it explodes this time we have to expect the worst."

Ms. Suu Kyi's picture appeared for the first time since her release from house arrest in state-run Burmese newspapers Thursday. A picture of her participat-

ing in an official Martjyrs' Day ceremony Wednesday was on the front page of all state-run Burmese-language and English-language newspapers. The picture and caption.

which mentioned her by name, marked the first time she had been named in staterun newspapers since being released from six years of house arrest last week. On Wednesday night, pictures of Aung San Suu Kyi at

the Martyrs Day ceremony

were shown on official televi-

days of a domestic news blackout following her release on July 10.

Martyrs' Day commemorates the 1947 assassination of her father, General Aung San, the country's preindependence leader, who was killed with eight others as they prepared for the handover of power from colonial

Thursday's state newspapers, considered organs of the SLORC. also published an article denouncing "traitors" who worked to create economic crisis in Burma.

"Myanmar (Burma) is now

embarked on the way to eco-nomic development," said the article published in the New Light of Myanmar and the other two official papers. But it must not be forgotten that national traitors from within the country will continue to conspire with foreign elements to enforce an economic blockade without any

million Myanma massers. "They will continue to strive to create economic crisis for Myanmar in their own interests and in order that they should gain political

regard to welfare of the 45

named in the article but she has urged foreign business executives and governments to consider political circumstances in her country very carefully before rushing in sion stations, ending nine with investment and aid.

Ms. Suu Kyi was not

KARACHI (Agencies) searches, they added. The operation follows Thursday's inconclusive peace talks between Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto's government and the MQM, he city's opposition group that represents Mohajir migrants here. The fifth round of talks since July 11 is to re-

sume here Monday. The government blames the MQM for much of the violence in Karachi where more than 2,000 people have died in ethnic and political unrest over the past 18

months.

The party attributes the bloodshed to a crackdown on the MQM and alleged lack of government efforts to redress the Mohajir community's political and social grie-

Its chief negotiator, Ajmal Dehlvi, Thursday reiterated that the government should refrain from using force, saying that the onus for the killings lay on those who were responsible for maintenance of law and order in The Associated Press of

Pakistan Friday guoted provincial Governor Kamal Azfar as saying that "meaningful progress" in the talks was possible, only after "de-escalation" of violence. Urging the MQM to bid

"farewell to arms," Mr. Azfar said 958 peole had died in Karachi in the first six a closeness of the former months of this year, including 108 members of law-

enforcement agencies. In a separate development, Pakistan's Senate said in a report published Friday, U.S. sanctions have so eroded the country's conventional defence capability that it has no ontion but to speed development of a nuclear weapons

programme. The 24-page policy report by the Senate's Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs calls on the government of Ms. Bhutto not to give up the nuclear programme to please the United

There was no immediate reaction from Ms. Bhutto. The United States has withheld billions of dollars in annual aid and arms sales to Pakistan since 1990, when it determined that Pakistan was

States.

attempting to develop nuclear weapons. Washington also has refused to deliver 28 F-16 fighters that Pakistan has already paid for. The Senate report, ex-

cerptrs of which were published in newspapers Friday. coincides with efforts by President Bill Clinton to ease sanctions against Pakistan, asserting it is wrong for the United States to keep both the planes and the money.

"There is no likelihood of reviving the warmth and alliance between Pakistan and the United States," the report states. Therefore, it adds, the government should adopt a policy of "handshake but no embrace" with

Washington. The Senate report contends the Clinton administration softened its stand only because successive administrations in Islamabad have refused to compromise on the

nuclear issue. · Pakistan says it has the capacity to produce nuclear weapons but has not done so. Experts say it has enough enriched uranium to build up to 13 atom bombs.

The report criticises the United States for "discriminating" against Pakistan's nuclear programme with no regard to the proven nuclear capability of its archenemy, India.' The report says that the

U.S. legislation blocking aid and arms sales had caused a serious erosion of Pakistan's conventional defence capability, leaving it with no option "except to fall back on nuclear capability as the weapon of last resort." There were no "credible

security guarantees...against an Indian nuclear threat." the report said. The report calls on the

government not to sign the comprehensive test ban trea-

# ps world's $(AFP) = A^{(1)}$ hinese girl has de

kilogrammes (2 ach. Ting Jiafen! far heavier and those of 20 And n who currenth slot in the Guines orld Records. th: ews Agency sale lives in a village is estern province of s currently under ment in a local reduce the size of s, which stand 30 s (12 inches) high ms (19.2 inches) breasts began in bruary, and the ge as fists by May gger and bigger Ting's mother g that her daugh

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# Lesson from history

THE COMMEMORATION of the 44th anniversary of the assassination of King Abdullah Thursday was a fitting occasion to shed more light on the late statesman's early moves to settle the Palestinian question on terms and conditions infinitely more favourable than was possible in the 90's. Had the Arab World listened to the counsel of the founder of Jordan and acted accordingly, the Arab Nation would have been spared the miseries of the 1967 war and the occupation of the West Bank, Jerusalem, Sinai and the Golan Heights and the consequences of this occupation.

Any serious negotiator would readily concede that the Israeli occupation of so much Arab territories gave the Jewish state a trump card with which it was able to negotiate with the Arabs on terms that are more favourable to it than would have been the case had the concerned Arab countries listened to the advice of King Abdullah. This is where King Abdullah's place in Arab history will always be marked: by the missed opportunity to strike peace with Israel as far back as 1951 on better grounds. That's why the Arab World must draw the right lessons from the loss of a statesman and visionary to an assassin's bullet. That's why we in Jordan and in Palestine must endeavour to read our contemporary history with this footnote in mind.

## ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

WHAT IS the use of lifting the arms embargo on Bosnia now when little has been left of the Bosnian nation to be saved by new weapons that could come from now on? asked Tareq Masarweh, a writer in Al Ra'i daily. In the past years the United States has been looking on and watching the war continuing in the former Yugoslavia and doing nothing against the Serbian atrocities, said the writer. Also, European nations have been watching Serbs committing one massacre after the other and sufficing themselves with stationing U.N. peace-keeping troops who have proved unable to do anything at all to stop the war or to protect the civilians in the so-called safe havens. At the same time. Arab and Muslim nations watched Bosnian women being raped. Bosnian towns demolished and Bosnian men, women and children massacred without taking any meaningful measures to come to the help of the oppressed and embattled nation, added the writer. Apart from a number of countries sending relief supplies to the Bosnian victims of the war, very little has been done by the Organisation of Islamic Conference and Islamic state like iran, which were timidly complaining about the deteriorating situation while others offering lip service to the Bosnian government, he added. The writer said that Arabs and Muslims who displayed little concern over the plight of the iradi people who face a crippling embargo are not expected to show any solidarity with or sympathy for the Bosnian

A WRITER in Al Ra'i paid tribute to the Hashemite Association, which organised a meeting between Arab-Israeli businessmen and their colleagues in Jordan. Sultan At Hattab said the Palestinian businessmen who have lived the past 50 years isolated from their Jordanian kinsmen are true in their endeavour to launch cooperation with Jordan in economic and trade fields and to build bridges of understanding with the Jordanian people. Their quest received a favourable response from His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Jordanian officials and businessmen. But, said the writer, the Jordanian businessmen have yet to decide their own step and define their position clearly with regard to whether the economic cooperation will be directly exercised between the Palestinian Arabs and Jordan, benefitting both sides or will such practice serve as a conduit for Israeli entrunce into the Arab World as certain circles have been claiming.

Jordanian Perspective

By Dr. Musa Keilani

# The Serb offensive... why?

SERB LEADER Radovan Karadzic has threatened to attack United Nations soldiers protecting Gorazde which is the last Muslim enclave where thousands of Bosnian refugees were told a year ago to stay there under the full assurance of U.N. protection. The fall of Gorazde will expose the U.N. Secretary General's involvement in the nefarious game of creating a greater Orthodox Serbia at the expense of the disarmed Muslim Bosnians who were short-sighted enough to attempt to claim "a Muslim sovereign state" on a European soil, forgetting that all the talk about human rights and democracy there is a very thin laver of face powder and make-up which does not apply to 'ethnically non-clean" races or religions!

Only very few were surprised earlier by the Serb atrocities in Srebrenica. When the Serb General Ratko Mladic entered Srebrenica, he made sure that Bosnian Muslim go in one direction, which is to prison camps or execution. Bosnian children were sent in another direction... to the woods and Tuzla mountains to be found later and treated as refugees. The third group were young Bosnian women who were taken by special trucks to provide night entertainment to the Orthodox Serb soldiers vho want their own "Republica Srpska" on all Bosnian

Those horrible atrocities were expected as early as last June when the Bosnian General Andjelh'o Makar said on June 17: "We are afraid that the Rapid Reaction Force (RRF) could block our liberating actions against the Serb paramilitary. Our enemies are bringing in heavy forces in order to stop us and force us to negotiate away 70 per cent of our land and to confine ourselves to only 30 per cent of

our territory. The Bosnians and Croats can defeat the Serbs if the arms embargo on us is lifted."

Since 1991, the Serbs were acting as only pawns in that often practised and sordid game of nations. The aim is to use them to destroy the potential for a U.S.-German-Russian alliance. The fact that Germany regained its economic power in Europe after its reunification sent shivers of alarm in some European capitals, which labelled it as "The Fourth Reich" in an attempt to frustrate Bonn's deeper involvement in former Yugoslavia or extending its

diplomatic recognition of Slovakia to other states as well. For four years, no decisive action has been taken to protect national sovereignty in the Balkans — with the consequence of nearly two million refugees, four hundred thousand killed, untold suffering, and countless cases of

I was very touched by what Zlatko Dizdarevic said to the "Newsweek" last week: "The United Nations people bargained with the terrorists while their soldiers were chained to fence posts in Pale. They even promised the Serbs everything. They made pledges that there would not be any more NATO air strikes, no-fly zones or resolutions protecting safe havens. Srebrenica has been taken. But more will fall into Serb hands, including Zepa and Gorazde and all Muslim safe havens in Sarajevo, we witnessed something similar to the horrors of an Oklahoma City. But it was regular once every 17 days for the last three years. The Serb snipers had their sights trained on our children for years and our kids were cut down or killed. Our country and our people have been victims (of) a murderous geopolitical manoeuvres.

But what is the way out of this quagmire? Will the Bosnians accept a tiny portion of their homeless (30 per cent) and leave the rest of Ratko Mladic and other Serb

'Which power can act now since the United Nations has been exposed as either too week to impose its will, or as party involved with other super powers in this geopolitical

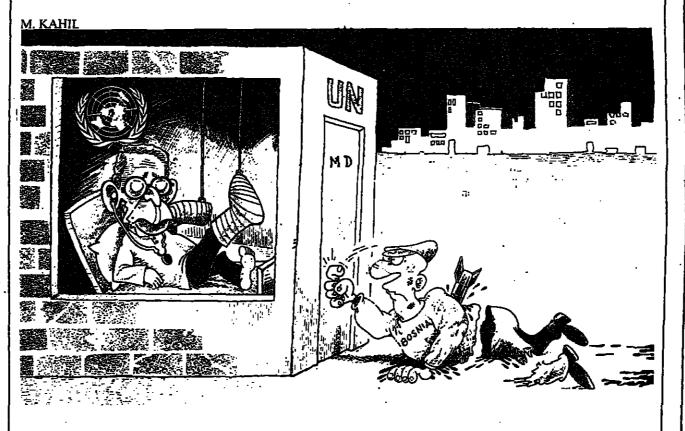
I think the United States is the only power which can use its aerospace capabilities to do what was done to the Iraqi military during the second Gulf war. Military experts, who had served in former Yugoslavia point to that fact that a coalition of Croat and Bosnian forces can easily defeat the Serbs. Had not the Bosnians been disarmed by the United Nations, they could have stopped Serb atrocities and

The arms embargo on the Bosnians denied them any chance to defend themselves. The embargo must thus be

It is tragic that fanaticism and power politics managed to destroy two examples of Muslims co-existing happily which Christians. Lebanon's pluralistic democratic society underwent the horrors of sectarian war, where thousands were shot or massacred at Shatilla just because they were not

The second examples is the tragic genocide of Bosnian Muslims, who used to form a model-role for other communities regarding inter-marriage, dialogue, coexistence and social harmony.

With those two models shattered, there should be noneed to ask why the young Muslims become fundamental-



# Will Yeltsin seek re-election?

By Richard Balmforth

MOSCOW — Clear of eye but still slightly breathless. President Boris Yeltsin seems to be on the mend after a mild heart attack but the big question is now will he dare run again for president?"

In a Russian television interview in hospital on Tuesday night that ended a week-long absence from public view, the 64-year-old Kremlin leader said doctors had told him there would be no consequences from his July 10 heart seizure.

But although optimistic that he would be back at work soon, Mr. Yeltsin gave no clues as to his long-term plans. He did not say how his bout of illhealth might weigh in a final decision to seek another five-year term in office from June 1996.

But his aides have already prepared a way out should he now follow the counsel of his wife, Naina, and retire next June in favour of his protege. Prime Minister Viktor Chernomy-

Top aide Viktor Ilyushin suggested clearly last Friday that being a Russian president at this turbulent juncture in Russia's history was a one-term job of colossal

In this sense, Mr. Yeltsin may have become a victim of the executive presidential system he created in which he shoulders a huge burden of problems although Mr. Chernomyrdin has in recent weeks taken over the handling of

Mr. Ilyushin said Mr. Yeltsin had succumbed to the welter of crises and dramas that are part of modern Russian political life.

"It is enough to mention the (hostage-seizure) events ment, the impeachment procedure started by the communists, the events in Chechenya, to understand the daily overload Boris

Yeltsin faces," he said. In short, a Russian president burns out faster than most and Mr. Yeltsin's health might not stand up to another span in office.

In Kremlin politics. however, there is no tradition of a top leader bowing out gracefully. The concept of an elder statesman playing a useful background

The choice before Mr. Yeltsin — a political animal

all his life - is either to be the supreme leader or an obscure pensioner.

Some commentators believe that Mr. Yeltsin, who wants to secure a niche in history as the father of Russian democracy, may bow out if he senses he would lose the race for president.

With his popularity currently at a low ebb over the Chechenya conflict, and people disenchanted with a ow standard of living and a growing crime-wave, that is a distinct possibility.
"I think that Mr. Yeltsin

has realistically to assess the situation. Failure at the elections is not necessary and it is better to go out of his own free will than not to be elected." said Viktor Sheinis, a respected moderate in parliament and member of the Liberal Opposition Yabloko faction.

"To run and lose would tarnish his place in history. said Michael McFaul. a political analyst at the Moscow office of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

The big unknown is what the unpredictable Mr. Yeltsin wants to do. Although he looks a weaker figure now - he sounded meek and somewhat wistful on Tuesday night without his usual fire — he has a record of coming off the ropes and winning the contest.

Many have made the mistake of counting him out too soon.

Either way, he is unlikely to announce his long-term plans until after the parliamentary election in Dec. 17, which will give a clear read-out of the political mood of the country.
A strong showing by Mr.

Chernomyrdin at the head of "Our Home is Russia" centre-right bloc, producing a more moderate state Duma, might persuade him to bow out in favour of his

heir apparent. in Budennovsk, the con- on If Communists and the frontation between the multranationalists perform state Duma and the govern- anstrongly however, he might decide to run again against all the odds.

"Our president is not a predictable person and his decision could turn out to be quite arbitrary." Mr. Sheinis said. "Once upon a time he had intuition. But he has lost his intuition

Retirement also could prove difficult in the worst

"Yeltsin has a lot of enemies out there, people who say he acted illegally, carried out crimes against the state. Retirement might not be all that peaceful for him." Mr. McFaul said.

# The Week in Print

# West responsible for ending Bosnians' suffering

Reviewed by Elia Nasrallah

ARABIC DAILIES last week gave prominence to the situation in Bosnia, Jordan's efforts to help the victims of aggression in that country. Saudi-Jordanian relations. Arab affairs and domestic questions.

Describing the Serbs' nian Muslims as one of the most heinous crimes ever committed in human his-tory, Al Ra'i daily said the world community should heed the warnings of France and its call for a prompt action to deal with the situation. The Bosnians are in need of arms to defend themselves and speedy action on the part of the world community to halt the Serbian aggression, said the paper. Noting that a few countries have so far responded to the call for help, the paper said that Jordan, with its meagre resources and limited means, has organised relief sup-plies to the embattled nation. It said that the time has come for the world to wake up and shoulder its responsibilities towards the

victims of aggression. Sultan Al Hattab, a writer in Al Ra'i, said the situation in Bosnia is a stigma for the United Nations. the Islamic countries and the Arab World. The heroism of Arabs and Muslims as written in books are mere legends and imaginary subjects that are not even worth presenting to the Arab and Muslim children to learn about because

the Arabs and Muslims have proved impotent in the face of aggression on Muslim people in Europe and all talk about old acts of heroism appears to be totally baseless, said the writer. It is regrettable, said the writer, to hear the world talking about alleged Islamic terrorism while it watches the Serbs committing atrocities against women and children, he said. Saying that the West-ern powers have the potential to stop the aggression within hours if they want to, the writer said there was no hope for such action since the West is condoning the aggression, which is motivated by religious be-

liefs.
Taher Al Adwan, a writer in Al Dustour, said that the failure of the United Nations to deal with the situation in Bosnia and stop the Serbian aggression, is a failure for the so-called new world order and for the United States in particular because it is assuming a leading role in world affairs. The writer said that the Arab and Muslim governments have been watching Bosnian Muslims being killed in Bosnia and Afghanistan but they refrained so far from doing anything to end the bloodshed and help the oppressed people. The writer said that bitterness

fills the hearts of Arab and

Muslim masses not only

over the ongoing massacres

in Bosnia but also over

these governments' close

relationships with the

Europeans and the United States. Should these governments open the door for volunteers to go to Bosnia and fight against the aggressors, tens of thousands would go and help the oppressed people in the face of the criminal attacks, he added.

attacks, he added.

It is strange to see Arab and Muslim governments maintaining friendly ties with the United States, which is condoning the aggression on the Muslim people of Bosnia, said Mahmoud Rimawi. Washington can put an end to the atrocities in no time and the least it can do at the moment is to supply the which they can use to defend themselves, said the writer. The United States. shoulders a political and moral responsibility towards the Bosnians and towards ending the war, he added. Similarly, the Arab and Islamic countries have a serious responsibility to-wards helping the Muslim people in Bosnia, but, regrettably, they are refraining from taking action to stop the ethnic cleansing and the religious war being waged on Muslims in Europe, added the writer. He said that the Arab League and the Organisation of Islamic Conference ought to move promptly and stop the massacre. Ibrahim Al Absi, a writer in Al Ra'i, said that it is

clear now that the Western nations do not accept an Islamic nation to exist in Europe and they are drag-ging their feet in taking

military action against the Serbs. The writer said that some of the Western countries are not only condoning the atrocities against the Muslims but also helping the aggressors and de-priving the Muslims of arming themselves for selfdefence. The systematic killing of the Muslims in Bosnia is going ahead with no end in sight and the Western countries are just looking on and pretending they are in disagreement over the action that should be taken vis-a-vis the situa-tion, according to the wri-

It is strange to hear the U.S. Congress failing to agree on sending 1,000 soldiers to help the U.N. peace-keeping troops in Bosnia when it is in agree-ment over stationing 18,000 American troops in the Arabian Peninsula and launching war on Iraq, said Tarcq Masarweh. The columnist in Al Ra'i daily soid that the aggression on Iraq in 1991 was aimed at humiliating all the Arab countries while the continued aggression on the Bosnian people is aimed at subduing all Muslim nations. The writer said that what Washington wants to see is the Arabs and Muslims capitulating and yielding to all American desires and

Writing in Al Ra'i, Mahmoud Rimawi tackled the Saudi-Jordanian relations saying that the time was ripe for the two coun-tries to resume normal rela-

tions not only because the cause of tension between them over the Gulf crisis is over but also in a bid to pave the ground for joint-Arab action in the face of common dangers. The writer said the foreign minister's visit to Riyadh last week was the first step to-wards opening a new chap-ter in Arab relations and paved the ground for Riyadh to respond favourably to Jordan's friendly and brotherly approach. The numerous challenges facing the Arabs at the moment calls for recon-ciliation among their govertiments as a pre-requisite to unifying Arab ranks and dealing with Arab issues with reason and wisdom, said the writer.

Saleh Qallab, a col-umnist in Al Dustour, said that pan-Arab reconciliation is a must at a time when the Arabs and Muslims are plagued by serious questions and facing continuous challenges, the only beneficiary of the disarray in Arab ranks, said the writer, is the enemy of the Arabs and Muslims and the only loser is the Arab masses. Saying that the enemies of the Arabs are continuing to fish in muddy waters and trying to find ways to mar relations among Arab countries, the writer said that it is hoped that the new chapter in Saudi-Lordanian relations would have the ground for would pave the ground for a greater and wider reconciliation among Arab

A writer in Al Ra'i said

that the success of 10 women in the municipal elections reflected a deep and positive transformation within the Jordanian society. Zulaikha Abu Risheh said that women's active participation in the elections demonstrated the degree of awareness among Jordanian women and their desire to help build their country and take part in socio-economic development. The election of 10 women is a first step towards further successes in a country which is pursuing a course of democracy and respect of women's rights to assume decision-making responsibilities, she added.

Tackling the sharp rise in the cost of living in Jordan. Mohammad Daoud, a writer in Al Dustour, said that the concerned authorities seem to be absent from the market scene and unaware that the merchants are imposing their will on the public Merchants used to complain that the Ministry of Supply was competing with them by importing basic commodities and selling them for a reasonable price to the public and gradually they succeeded in driving the ministry out of the market only to impose their rising prices on the citizens, said the writer. The merchants now have a free hand in manipulating and profiteering practices and the ministry turns a blind eye allowing the mer chants to mass fortunes and increase the misery of the limited income groups, he;

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# Honour, too, is put to flight in Bosnia

By Roger Cohen

MANY THINGS have died or been seriously compromised in Bosnia. The optimism of the cold war's end. The credibility of NATO. The American commitment to European security. The notion that a Europe no longer divided shares a commitment to basci human dignity. But perhaps the death of Western honour has been the most devastating.

conceived as part of a militry culture that also embraced the values of self-sacrifice and unswerving courage, that drove American boys into Nazi fire and onto the Normandy beaches. The same values were the guarantee and the bedrock of postwar security and prosperity in Western Europe. Even in Vietnam, where America's confidence in itself was battered, the honour of fighting to extend the reach of freedom stood at the core of the beliefs of those who backed the war.

But where lies the honour, or the commitment to anything, amid the Bosnian morass? Forty months into the war the sight in recent days of still further thousands of Muslim women and children pushed over the Bosnian hills by the Serbs after the fall of the so-called United Nations "safe area" of Srebrenica was a reminder of how far the West has fallen in Bosnia. The number of Muslims thus shifted during the war now exceeds three-quarters of a million.

### A 'lack of values'

This defeat - for the mixed society of Bosnia is now in shreds — has its political and military implications; but in themselves these are perhaps not overwhelming. Bosnia is a small country of no compelling strategic significance or wealth. It is the defeat of Western values in this ill-born state that may prove most costly.

Indeed, the question of what, if anything. Western democracies stand ready to defend has to be posed. In an essay on Bosnia published last week. Jean. Baudrillard, a French sociologist wrote. "What the West now wants to impose on the whole world. under the cover of universality, is not its values. which are completely disjointed, but precisely its lack of values." In the name, he added. "of an indifferent and valueless

world order?" Of course. Europe and America know from two world wars that the Balkans are intractable terrain, and the argument that involvement in the Bosnian war would have been folly cannot be lightly dismissed. The war has been success-

It was a sense of honour.

fully contained until now. albeit at the cost of prolonging it. Many in the west also know that appeals to honour can sometimes prolong horrible mistakes, as

in Flanders and elsewhere during World War I. But none of this can alter the fact that the Western surrender before the destruction of Bosnia has revealed a hollowness at the heart of Western societies.

There have been individual acts of courage in Bosnia. One of the most conspicuous occurred in Srebrenica in March 1993. Lieutenant-General Philippe Morillon, then the commander of United Nations forces in Bosnia, went to the embattled Muslim enclave and declared that he would not move until the survival of its people was

Like most examples of bravery, and some of outstanding leadership, it was an irrational act. In the name of military principles. including the sacredness of the mission and personal honour, this French officer identified his own life with those of tens of thousands

had, already lost their homes to Serbs and been herded into Srebrenica. Confronted by this stubborn general, the Bosnian Serbs desisted from their onslaught and Srebrenica survived for another 28 months. Srebrenica was called a haven, although it was in essence a farge

French U.N. peacekeepers visit a Bosnian army post on Mount Igman near Sarajevo (AFP photo)

## The freshly bereaved

Still it was better than the kindergartens, schools and rundown shelters in Kladanj and Tuzia where old Muslim women who lost their husbands or sons in 1992 have lain almost prostate with grief for over three years, to be joined this week by the freshly bereaved.

Srebrenica's fall was directly related to the fact that General Morillo's stand proved so unusual Repeated climbdowns from tough stands have been the rule in Bosnia. The pattern was particularly conspicuous when the serbs seized several hundred United Nations soldiers as hostages in late May after NATO air strikes near

made by Western leaders at the same time as private evidence of utter pliability was being given to the serbs through secret meetings and letters. The Serbs, no fools, drew their own conclusions and soon marched into Srebrencia, a town the United Nations had vowed to protect.

> crisis, Lieutenant Gilles Jarron, a United Nations officer in Sarajevo and a proud member of the French Foreign Legion, described what happened during three weeks that he had spent with 11 other legionnaires surrounded at

Shortly after the hostage

collection site in Ilidza, a Serb-held suburb. On May 27, the day after the second NATO air strike near Pale, 80 Serbs with rocket-propelled grenades approached the French soldiers, while a T-55 tank levelled its cannon at them. The Serbs gave the peacekeepers five mi-

a United Nations weapons-

nutes to give up. Lt. Jarron called his commanding officer. There was little question the legionnaires would all be killed in

Public declarations of unany battle. The last order bending firmness were he received from Colonel Jean-Louis Franceschini was, "from this moment on, make sure that every French is paid for dearly by the Serbs. The legionnaires duly

prepared to fight. "The honour of a soldier is to die with his arms," said ,Lt. Jarron. "We were all serene and deteremined."

Every evening, as the stand-off wore on and the Serbs failed to carryout their threats, the soldiers read each other the code of the legionnaire: "The mission is sacred. You execute it to the end, at any price. In combat you act without passion or hatred. You respect your defeated enemy. Never do you abandon your dead, your injured or your arms.

## Valor undone

The honour of these men, standing under a United Nations flag and guarding a selection of Serbian artillery in a torlorn outpost, was conspicuous.

But it was also rendered . perposterous by the institution they serve. Even then. the commander of the Un-

Bernard Janvier, was slipping off to clandestine gettogethers with Gen. Ratko Mladic, the Bosnian Serb commander, who had orchestrated the hostagetaking. After the crisis ended, the post was aban-doned and the Serbs got the weapons in it.

ited Nations forces General

But then, Gen. Janvier is no longer a French officer in the sense defined by the legionnaires code. Às a senior United Nations official, he has become the representative of a consensus so wide — a coalition so weak - as to be the enemy

of the leadership, individual courage and codes of honour. It is here that America's absence from Bosnia has been felt most profoundly. America still personifies the confidence necessary to draw a distinction between

right and wrong and then fight for it. Europe lacks the self-belief, the unity. even perhaps the relative innocence of an unconquered state, to do so, Bill Clinton, as a candi-

date in 1992, was clear enough that essential values were threatened in Bosnia. He spoke of genocide and the dangers of sitting and watching. He suggested that he was ready to fight to stop the sort of ethnic purification that reached a new apogee at Srebrenica. But then he shrank away.

under a barrge of warnings of Vietnam-like quagmires. talks of ancient tribal rivalries, and the notion that the Bosnian war is purely a civil war. He committed himself, instead, to backing from afar the effort to contain the war while distributing United Nations rice and macaroni to Bosnians that is, to the substitution of charity for foreign poli-

## Does Bosnia exist?

The war has festered. A fundamentally racist attack on a mixed society, initiated from Serbia, has continued. Indeed, it began in earnest in early April 1992. not far from Srebrenica. when militiamen from Belgrade began shooting Muslims in the street in Bjeljina and Zvornik, so sowing the seeds of hatred necessary to destroy Bosnia.

For that is the core of the Serbian proposition: Bosnia, a state recognised by the United Nations, a mixed society, does not exist. Neither the United States nor Europe nor the United Nations have ever been ready to confront that

By resuming full diplomatic relations with Vietnam 20 years after the fall of Saigon, President Clinton closed a difficult chapter in American history. Vietnam was a defeat: but it came after a war undertaken, however disastrously, in pursuit not only of self-interest but of a principle: the fight against Communism and the defence of an American conception of freedom and hu-

man dignity.
In Vietnam, therefore, the often-repeated phrase "withdrawal with honour" — was not entirely empty. A United Nations withdrawal from Bosnia. could make no such claims. If a "bright shining he," to borrow the phrase of John Paul Vann, is what sustained Americans in Vietnam, the peacekeepers in Bosnia have been offered less: a moral void.

New York Times.

# Race resurfaces as political issue in Britain

## By Alan Raybould

Reuter\_ LONDON — If the British. government is to be be-lieved, hordes of would-be asylum seekers and waves of immigrants are waiting off its shores, ready to invade the country and inflame tension in the inner

The figures may show a net outflow of migrants in recent years. But the ruling Conservatives, trailing badly in opinion polls, smell votes from the race issue. Immigrants' place in Brit-

ish society has hit the headlines with riots by Asians in the northern English city of Bradford and the claim by London's police chief that most muggings in the capital are carried out by young black men.

In the next few months, Home Secretary (Interior Minister) Michael Howard is expected to introduce legislation tightening immigration rules. New government rules on asylum seekers have sharply cut the number of refugees entering

Civil rights groups say black immigration was effectively stopped years ago, and are outraged by

control and harrass blacks in Britain, many of them born here, to please white right-wing voters before an election in 1997.

"We believe that the tightening-up of any procedures are a clear and transparent playing of the race card before the general election, based on the myth that we have a high number Claude Moraes, director of the Joint Council for the Welfare of Immigrants (JCWI) told Reuters.

Mr. Howard is adamant. Britain could be proud of its record on race relations, he said in an interview in May, but good race relations needed "firm and fair immigration control."

"For too long, this country has been seen as an attractive destination for bogus asylum-seekers and illegal immigrants."

Liberals would query that, particularly after the case of Joy Gardner, a 40year-old Jamaican woman who died of kidney failure after police officers tried to deport her. Ms. Gardner died after police restrained her with a body belt and wound four metres of sticky tape around her mouth and

were cleared of manslaugh-

Peter Tompking, a former chief inspector of the Immigration service, said in February that illegal immigration had reached almost 40,000 people a year, but his old service detected just 4,400 illegal immigrants in 1994.

British immigration law dates back to the Aliens Act of 1905, when the government took fright at the number of poor Jews coming to Britain to flee persecution in Eastern Enrope. In the 1940s and 1950s,

black people from the Caribbean were actively sought to work here on the production lines of the car industry and in the expanding public services. But the post-war econo-

mic boom petered out in the late 1960s and the political mood changed. Black people were no longer de-sirably cheap labour, but taking jobs from English-

These days, citizens of the European Union are allowed to settle here. But not many others - except close relatives of people already resident — can get

in legally.
"There are very few things that anyone can do to cut back on black immigration. If you're black, you're

not going to get in unless you've got a million pounds," Mr. Moraes said. About 36,000 people from former colonies in the Commonwealth migrated to Britain in 1993, and they were outnumbered by the 47,000 that left Britain for

Commonwealth countries. Registers reported a growing number of sham weddings, with Britons marrying foreigners just to win them residency rights.

"Sometimes they have trouble pronouncing each other's names. I have actually followed people out and seen money change hands. I have seen people go in different directions," Peter Sontag of the Camden Register Office in north London told the right wing Daily Mail.

Similar stories popped up in other newspapers. "It's suddenly an issue because the Home Office is feeding the tabloids in particular with stories about bogus marriages. The

reason is they're trying to

pump up the notion of illeg-

al immigration to get a

situation whereby they can say we need legislation to control this," Mr. Moraes

A Home Office spokesman declined comment, although he said an announcement on immigration rules could be made

Mr. Moraes is braced for an attack on illegal immigration, perhaps before parliament breaks up for the summer on July 20. Immigrants will find it harder to bring in their

sham marriages. . Asylum procedures may again be tightened, only two years after a previous law slashed the proportion of acceptance.

spouses, and bigger penal-

ties are likely for organising

A recent report from pressure group asylum aid was scathing in its condemnation of some of the Home Office's excuses for not accepting that asylum seekers were true political "The Secretary of State

understands that political prisoners currently detained in Ethiopia are kept in comfortable cells and are freely permitted visits from relatives and friends," one applicant was told.

### West threatens (Continued from page 1)

feared the wording of the allies' message would cause the Serbs to attack U.N. safe areas other than Gorazde. "They always produce half-measures," Mr. Silajdzic

told CNN. "Instead of saying

enough is enough, they are safe areas. You do not attack safe areas, period.
U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry said Thursday that if a plan to protect Sarajevo and Gorazde was

not agreed within days, the U.N. peacekeeping force "is likely to withdraw." France has favoured putting more of its troops into Gorazde, the next "safe area" likely to be targeted by the Bosnian Serbs, with the help of U.S. transport and

attack helicopters.

The Clinton administration wanted to avert a U.N. withdrawal, which would involve sending 25,000 U.S. troops to help with the pullout and worsen the suffering in Bosnia. No U.S. ground troops are in Bosnia.

But German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel said on Friday there was no full agreement at the international crisis meeting on Bosnia in London and Russia had opposed military action to deter the Bosnian Serbs.

"In this eight-hour meeting there was not an absolute unity of opinions. The Russians expressed their opinion that they rejected military actions and that they put strong weight on political negotiations." Mr. Kinkel told reporters.

President Bill Clinton welcomed the agreement to defend Gorazde if it comes under attack by Bosnian

"I am encouraged," Mr. Clinton said during remarks at the White House. He said "the United States is determined to do everything we can" to fend off Bosnian Serb attacks and to bring peace to the former Yugoslav repub-

French Defence Minister Charles Millon said Friday that if airstrikes were "insufficient" to defend the U.N.-declared safe area of Gorazde from Bosnian Serb attacks that "other methods" would be used.

We note with satisfaction that there will be a combination of methods, air and ground," he said in a television interview.

In the battle field, the Bosnian government army commander in the besieged Zepa enclave threatened to shell Ukrainian peacekeepers if the United Nations did not send a senior officer to mediate with attacking Serbs, a U.N. spokesman said.

Bosnian government forces defending Zepa had attacked the Ukrainians' main base near the town for 1½ hours on Thursday night with machineguns, hand grenades and rocket-propelled gre-nades, U.N. spokesman Lieutenant-Colonel Gary Coward said in Sarajevo.

Another U.N. spokesman, Alexander Ivanko, said the local government comman-

der. Avdo Palic, had threatened to shell the Ukrainian compound on Friday official did not mediate between the warring parties.

Muslim soldiers in the government army claim the Ukrainians are sympathetic to their fellow orthodox Christian Serbs and have no intention of trying to prevent them from capturing the small, hilly enclave and its 17 000 Muslim inhabitants.

Mr. Ivanko called on the Bosnian government to halt attacks on U.N. peacekeep-

Sarajevo's U.N. Deputy Commander. Colonel Verhoglyad, was heading for a Ukrainian observation post on the edge of Zepa in response to the threat "to mediate and monitor the safe passage of civilians," Mr.

Ivanko said. But a U.N. spokeswoman later said Bosnian Serb forces blocked the colonel and his liaison team at the Rogatica checkpoint, about half way between the Serb stronghold of Pale and Zepa, despite the fact his presence had also been requested by the Bos-

nian Serb commander. The Rogatica checkpoint is notoriously difficult to get through.

Serb Commander General Ratko Mladic has told Zepa's civilians to leave under U.N. escort and stated his intention to take prisoner all men aged from 18 to 55 and hold them until they are exchanged with Serb prisoners held by the government.

# U.S. expert says Amman economic conference tied to peace process

WASHINGTON (USIA) — "Peace and security are closer to realisation today than at any time in modern history. (But) peace cannot last without concrete benefits for the people of the Middle East and North Africa," Joan Spero. undersecretary of state for business, economic, and agricultural affairs. advised business leaders in Tel Aviv, Jerusalem and Casablanca July 20.

Speaking via satellite on a United States Information Agency (USIA) Worldnet television programme Ms. Spero acknowledged that the desert, or the Middle East, will not bloom overnight. Developing joint ventures, developing projects, be they small or large, will take

She described the Middle East-North Africa economic summit, which will take place in Amman in October, as "tied closely to the Middle Eastr Peace Process. and emphasised that both President Bill Clinton and Secretary of State Warren Christopher are personally committed to the success of the summit. She reported that Mr. Christopher will lead a U.S. delegation which will include Commerce Secretary Ron Brown and other senior U.S. government officials.

We in the United States have no illusions that prosperity will come quickly or easily to the region," she said. "The road to development and regional cooperation is a difficult one." She predicted, however, that Amman will provide opportunities and incentives to start the process and she urged her audience to join the efforts. "We want your participation in and support for the summit, and for the economic development of the entire region," she said. Following are xcerpt from

Ms. Spero's remarks: 'I'd like to spend a minute, talking about the Middle East-North Africa economic summit, which is our topic for today. I am delighted to be here, delighted to have a chance to talk to all of you in the Middle East about this Middle East-North Africa economic summit, which will take place on Oct. 29 through Oct. 31 in Amman, Jordan.

As a co-sponsor of the Amman summit, we in the United States would like to share views on the summit's potential and its opportunities for advancing regional development. And I welcome this opportunity to explain why we encourage government and buisness leaders to attend and to participate in the summit.

The Amman summit is tied closely to the Middle East peace process. Peace and security are closer to realisation today than at any time in modern history. The progress made by the parties in the region over the past four years is quite simply remarkable. On all fronts there is a clear sense, of momentum. Peace and security are essential for the economic development of the region. At the same time, peace cannot last without concrete benefits for the people of the Middle East and North Africa — benefits that are only possible through increased trade, investment and entrepreneurship. As you in the audience know, the Middle East and North Africa have a wealth of resources. The region has a well educated population of over 100 million people, a rich culture and history. enormous natural resources and critical transportation routes. Yet regional conflicts. as well as statist and protectionist economic policies. have prevented the region from realising its economic

potential. "The Amman summit can serve as an impetus for economic change. The summit will gather senior government and business representatives from nearly 60 countries dedicated to advancing business development, the concept for the summit is public-private partnership. The private sector must provide the entrepreneurial talent, investment capital and technical expertise for development. The public sector, for its part, must improve the economic environment for liberalising trade policies, reducing regulation, privatising industry and improving the investment climate.

"I am a former executive myself from the private sector, and I know that the primary concern of business people is to make sound and profitable investments. That's why the summit organisers aree laying the groundwork for business and econo. mic development opportunities at the summit. Let me tell you their goals.

"First, moving forward on regional institutions: A development bank for financing regional and private sector development, a business council and a tourism board, all with regional governmental and private sector participa-

"Second. encouraging regional states to liberalise their economies and to develop a free-market approach to development.

Third, deepening contacts between both government and the private sector, and within the private sector itself.

"And, finally, preparing actual development projects in the region. We expect that there will be an emphasis on projects involving more than one country.

goals, the parties have decided that the Amman summit should be smaller, more focused, and more oriented towards the private sector than was the Casablanca summit. Plenary sessions will focus on the four major themes of the summit: trade and industry, infrastructure. investment and finance, and the economic environment. Project briefings; roundtables, and industry-specific workshops in the nine key sectors will provide opportunities for business people, as well as government decisionmakers, to exchange experience, pursue opportunities. and follow up on projects.

"Both President Clinton and Secretary of State Christopher are personally committed to the success of the summit. Secretary Christopher will lead the U.S. delegation, which will include our Commerce Secretary Ron Brown, and other senior U.S. government officials.

'(As for what the U.S. government is doing, in particular, what we are doing to try to promote dialogue between Arabs and Israelis), as I mentioned before, we have been actively consulting our private business sector, and we have formed a group that consists of our Commerce Department and of our State Department and private sector people, to try to see where they see the business opportunities, and what role government might be able to play in facilitating those busistarting with our own private sector, and trying to encourage them to get involved, and trying to see that whether through our embassies, through our trade facilitation programmes, through our own ability to network, we can promote business interests. So we're on the case.

Regrding financing and the small- and medium-sized businesses. I think that in many cases big business needs support in the form of financing or in an Ammantype summit less than the small- and medium-sized businesses do. They have less capacity to network internationally, they have less access perhaps to finance, and certainly there are massive opportunities. We also know, in the U.S. and elsewhere. that it's small- and mediumsized business that provides much of the employment. and that is a major issue in the Middle East.

"Let me make a comment about the financing point. if I may. One of the institutions that we are working on now. and that we hope to have completed in - and to be able to reach a political commitment for by the time of the Amman summit, is this Middle East and North Africa Development Bank. Let me take a moment to comment about that bank, because it very much addresses

the issue that you are raising. 'The Middle East, in order to develop, is going to need capital. It is going to need financing. That financing cannot come solely or exclusively, or even primarily, from the government. But what the government can do. along with the multilateral institutions, is to prime the pump. Government can provide finacing for projects that do not lend themselves to private sector development: and government, operating through multilateral institutions, can also try to act, if you will, as an investment banker, mobilising private and public sector funds. And that is the idea behind the Middle East and North Afri-

ca Development Bank. Business has a number of prerequisites for productive investment. One of course is peace and security. Business is going to feel much better about moving into the region as peace spreads and as the region stabilises. In addition. as you point out, there has to be predictability. Business likes as much predictability as possible, so they need to know what the investment laws will be, they need to know what the regulatory regime will be. But. beyond that, they are going to want to know things like pricing policies: What are the pricing policies going to be for electricity and for water and for

other natural resources?

"So there are several ways to approach this. One of course is at the national level. And many of the governments in the region are moving to modernise their laws about foreign investment their tax laws. Jordan is one example. There is legislation now being discussed now in Jordan that would open up foreign investment, that would modernise the tax regime, and basically make Jordan much more user triendly for foreign and private investment. So things can be done

at the national level. "In addition, there is the possibility of cooperation across national boundaries. And this is exactly the Jordan Rift Valley dialogue that is going on between Jordan and Israel right now. And that will be a major theme at the summit. There are incredible possibilities in that area that range from tourism and parks in the Dead Sea, to electricity, water facilties, possible airports and transportation facilities at Eilat and Agaba for example. And there has been a recent suggestion that all that could be facilitated by developing a common regime, common rules of the road, for investment, for taxation, for cooperation. So that would be another way to

"Let me mention one final

promote business.

area where there might be cross-border cooperation to promote business. Another idea that has been discussed is the development of industrial zones between Israel and the Palestinian administration. Those have a great appeal, because they could promote investment, they could encourage employment, which is a major issue in Gaza and the West Bank. and they would provide for cooperation between Israel and the Palestinians. Again, that would be an example of a cross-border regime, where you would have tax rules. infrastructure development and regulations, so that is yet another way to promote investment. I think it is a very exciting possibility. And I think, again, it will be a possibility that should and will be discussed in Amman. We should be doing everything we can to promote appropriate national policy changes, and what I would

call government joint ventures, wherever possible. The United States has been encouraging the Gulf states to come -not only have the business people come, but to have the government leaders come. In addition. Jordan is taking initiatives vis-a-vis the Gulf states to encourage them to come. I know that the foreign minister visited Saudi Arabia recently: I gather that meeting went quite well. I gather there is the talk about improving diplomatic relations.

And that political initiative, which really is an adjunct, a corollary if you will to the peace process. I think will create a more favourable environment for business transactions. So a number of us are in dialogue with the Gulf states — both people from the region and from outside the region, in encouraging their participation. So I am optimistic. There was representation in Casablanca, both of the business sector and of government officials of the Gulf, and we are very hopeful that they will also come to Amman. We have to recognise that there have been sensitivities in those relationships since the Gulf war, but we should look at Amman as an opportunity. It is an opportunity to reestablish an important government and business sector dialogue between Jordan and the countries of the Gulf. So I am

"In the longer term, as I said, the real solution (for the region) is going to be peace and security. But there is, I would say, another approach, and that goes back to the industrial zones that I talked about. One of the major concerns, particularly in Gaza, is employment. And while the numbers have increased quite significantly from below, in terms of workers going from Gaza to Israel, still there is large unemployment in Gaza, and there is real need to find jobs for people. There are two ways to do that. One is to do it in Gaza, and there we can think about business projects and opportunities that will require infrastructure development. And you probably know that the United States, Europe, Japan and others, are spending a lot of money and a lot of time trying to develop the infras-

optimistic about that.

tructure of Gaza. "And then there is this concept that I mentioned earlier of industrial zones. Those industrial zones could be opportunities for exports. They could be opportunities for significant employment. They won't happen overnight. But I think it is a concept well worth exploring.

"So there are multiple ways. We are engaged with the Israelis and the Palestinians in multiple efforts. It won't be solved overnight. But it is a problem that we

must address. "At the same time, there are several important things going on. As I said, for Gaza and the West Bank, the socalled donors group - the United States, Europe, Japan and others — are working very hard at developing the infrastructure that will set the basis for development working on sewage, working on roads, working on water. All of those are prerequisites for investment. At the same time, as we move along on that effort, we are also trying to encourage the process of private sector development. Now, we have a saying in the United States - I don't know how it works in the Middle East - which is, you can lead a horse to water, but you can't make it drink. So we are trying to lead the horse to water, and we can do that in a variety of ways. We can try to develop the Middle East Development Bank, which will

be for the private sector and

PRIZES FOR YOUNG JORDANIAN SCIENTISTS

" Trying Is Winning "

Working toward enhancing scientific manpower in Jordan, Prizes for Young Scientists are now granted for Jordanians by the Third World Academy of Sciences (TWAS) in collaboration with the Royal Scientific Society (RSS). Submission for these prizes is open till October

The prize is awarded every year rotating among four fields of pure science Biology, Chemistry, Mathematics and Physics. Young Jordanian scientists are now invited to apply for the TWAS PRIZE which amounts to \$2000. Mathematics and Physics will be considered in the contest for the prize in the next two years.

So, if you are a Jordanian, resident in Jordan, and of age not extending 40 years, we will be glad to receive your contribution in any of the two fields mentioned above, taking into consideration that submission is open till October 1995. We are ready to provide you with any additional information about the rules & mechanism of submission.

Interested applicants are kindly requested to contact Mrs. Majd Khayyat Talhouni at the following address: The TWAS Unit

Royal Scientific Society Amman \_ Jordan Fax: 844806 Tel: 844701 Telex: 21276 RAMAH JO for regional projects. We can have the summit in Amman. as we had the summit — not we, but the region did, in Casablanca — to try to create opportunities for business people to come together. I look at this as not only an opportunity for encounter and for networking, but also for marketing. It's an oppor-tunity for the Middle East to tell the rest of the world that we are open for business.

"So we can also find other

ways to encourage the private sector. The United States has just established a \$250 million fund - our Overseas Private Investment Corp., which will guarantee investments in the Middle East against political and other risks, and which will provide certain financing for the Middle East. So that is why we are calling Amman a publicprivate sector partnership. Government has a role to play; the private sector has a role to play. We have to start the process. But we shouldn't kid ourselves in thinking that everything is going to change overnight. But, as we also say in the United States, a long journey begins with one step.

"There is significant funding going to the Middle East now. From the United States and other

or her distrust you later today.

can be very agreeable during the daytime.

anything like a bull in the China shop.

not act overly independent.

orceful with others.

are of whatever is bethering you this morning.

Birthstone of July: Ruby - Tiger's Eye

**CROSSWORDS** 

**NOT RECEIVED** 

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1995

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Getting into business affairs early today which are hard to handle during the busy week is wise for your

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) This morning is fine for coming to a meeting of minds with a partner, but do nothing which can make him

morning, and later today avoid whatever could bring you trouble of some kind. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Get busy at tasks ahead of you this

plans for fun, but try not to be extravagant later today. Your mate

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You can handle anything which arises at home in the morning wisely, but later today do nothing which could

not make any mistakes a LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Handle practical affairs this

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You can go after some

personal aim in the morning, and gain it, but later today do not be

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Handle home duties in the

morning, since after lunch things could get rather hectic at home, which could cause troubles.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You have fine ideas and should

quickly put them in operation and then persevere with whatever is of

developed countries. But I think it is unrealistic to expect that we are going to be able to persuade our legislatures, our congresses. and our people, to use public funds for development in the Middle East and North Africa. We will continue to try to find ways to leverage our funds; but you in the Middle East need to inderstand that we have needs at home, and there is not a feeling that we should or can provide massive new flows. Now, that's maybe the bad news.

The good news is that what we know from the history of economic development is that's not the way countries develop.
What governments need to do are two things. First of all, governments need to get out of the way. Governments need to open up their markets. They need to and that is something that we can do. I know that Morocco for example is now engaged in trade negotiations with Europe. You have a very critical market in Europe, and you're talking about how to open up that market more for your product. So that's one thing our governments can do. Another thing your governments can do is to move toward this deregulation, privatisation; and, again, I know that it is happening in Morocco. So governments need to get out of the

"Now, finally, the other thing that governments can do is to try to proivde finance in those areas do financing, or to try to provide

incentives for the private sector to act. That is the idea of the Middle East Development Bank. That is the idea of our OPIC. which guarantees private sector investment against political risk — and there is political risk in the Middle East. That is the whole idea of the Amman conference.
So I think you have to decide

what development works. All the history shows us, all the economic analysis shows us, that large government projects funded by large government institutions and foreign aid, are not what create development. And that is why the focus of the Amman summit is on the private-public sector partnership.
"Europe can and should play

an important role. I must say that we have been working very closely with the Europeans in aid to the Palestinians, and I want to be sure that we are on the record as saying that the Europeans, both at a national level and at an EU level, have been quite generous. So they are major donors to the region.

As you probably know, Europe is not only negotiating a number of trade agreements throughout the region - they are going to begin negotiations with Egypt. I understand. You have had ongoing negotiations

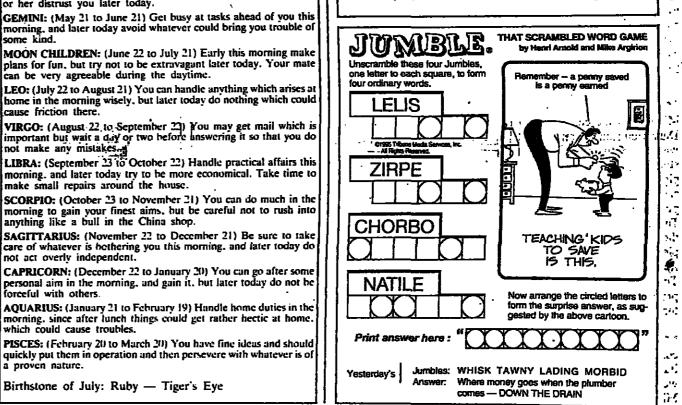
with them. So there is an opportunity for them also to provide a market. And there are a lot of difficult issues, as you know agricultural concerns, smaller manufacturing — these are tough issues that are going to have to be worked out. We hope that Europe will be open for the markets, for the products of the Middle East. "And then finally I should add

the European Union is looking towards a Mediterranean policy. There will be a meeting in Barcelona later this year — I believe in December — where the Europeans and people from the Mediterranean countries, which really is the Middle East and North Africa - will be getting together to talk about how they can build a more prosperous Mediterranean. So I believe that Europe is looking to the there are opportunities for trade.

I believe there has been assistance. As you know, there are long-standing ties — Morocco and France, for example. I note that your colleagues seem to have a French-language publication. So there are very close ties there and Europe can and should — and I must say is very playing a role already in the



"I set the alarms on your watch. One beep means it's time to kiss me. Two beeps means it's time to hug me..."



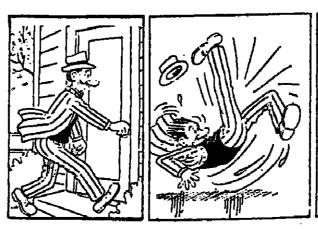
## **Peanuts**



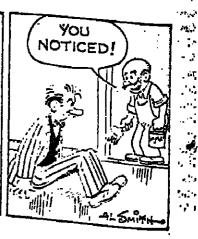
# **Andy Capp**



# Mutt'n'Jeff







Deat A review of economic from the Arabi

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Kingdom's export: mailed JD 793 mile cording to a report f by the Minist Agriculture. The reg sile of the agricultu duce constitutes ab per cent of the gr innal product Roung that 22 per the Kingdom's por depend on agriculte study said the agric ector and the relev givities contribute cent of the GNP. It is per cent of the Jos abour force and larg bers of foreign lat work in the secto study said local proof vegetables in 10 alled 1.126,000 con which 469 tonnes consumed locally a rest exported. It add local production of and olives totalled 4

'\* Minister of Ener Mineral Resources Darwazeh said his m was currently cond pipelines between . and Iraq. In reply to a published in 🚁 Tuesday, Mr. Darwago the studies will be pleted within three a "Ra'i article pub Tuesday said work o project will begin three months (Al Ra)

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A total of 2.519 companies with a total ital of JD 235.7 it were registered with Ministry of Industr Trade during the first i more than those regi in the same period las and a rise in the total tal by ID 63.4 millio

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\* A Ukrainian ecor delegation will arri Amman Thursday 10 like on economic commercial cooper: desident of the Ar Chamber of Comp. Haidar Mirrad said the <sup>2ation</sup> includes repre wes of both public The sectors, noting lkraine rose from 19,000 in 1992 to 19,000 in 1993 an 1994. Jor 1995 to hing the first quarter through the first qua Chaine goods worth J

inods worth JD 75 Murad said these half had the bal hade between the Autrof Ukraine. W btowb1 government tale sector to work amming it lordan's t hom L. from Ukraine end bary construction ids, medical equipm sports gas ovens. blamacentical proc

agricultural prod

JULY 22, 1987

So there is an oppe em also to provide d there are a lorg ies, as you know, concerns, small ng — these are lorg are going to have out, We hope by

be open for the the products of the

a finally I should at an Union is looked an Union is looked fediterranean pole a meeting in Bare is year — I believer — where the East people from the san countries, where the East are will be sense a more prospersion for the san countries.

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# Agricultural exports in 1994 total JD 140m

ordan's agricultural exports in 1994 totalled JD 140 million, equalling 18 per cent of the Kingdom's exports which totalled JD 793 million, according to a report prepared by the Ministry of Agriculture. The report said sale of the agricultural produce constitutes about 7.5 per cent of the gross nacional product (GNP). Noting that 22 per cent of the Kingdom's population depend on agriculture, the study said the agricultural sector and the relevant activities contribute 28 per cent of the GNP. It said 7.5 per cent of the Jordanian labour force and large numbers of foreign labourers work in the sector. The study said local production of vegetables in 1994 totalled 1,126,000 tonnes, of which 969 tonnes were consumed locally and the rest exported. It added that' local production of fruits and olives totalled 456,000 tonnes, of which 380,000 were consumed locally (Al

\*\* Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Samih Darwazeh said his ministry was currently conducting studies on extending oil pipelines between Jordan and Iraq. In reply to an item published in Al Ra'i Tuesday, Mr. Darwazeh said the studies will be completed within three months.

Ra'i article published Tuesday said work on the project will begin within three months (Al Ra'i).

\*\* A total of 2,518 new companies with a total capital of JD 235.7 million were registered with the Ministry of Industry and Trade during the first half of 1995, seven companies more than those registered in the same period last year and a rise in the total capital by JD 63.4 million (Al Ra'i).

\*\* A Ukrainian economic

delegation will arrive in Amman Thursday to hold talks on economic and commercial cooperation. President of the Amman Chamber of Commerce Haidar Murad said the delegation includes representatives of both public and private sectors, noting that visit will continue till في Aug.. 1. Jordan's exports to Ukraine rose from JD 29,000 in 1992 to JD 107,000 in 1993 and JD 345,000 in 1994. Jordan's imports from Ukraine totalled JD 5.9 million in 1992, JD 31.1 million in 1993 and JD 49.7 in 1994. During the first quarter of 1995, Jordan imported from Ukraine goods worth JD 13 million and exported there goods worth JD 75,000. Mr. Murad said these figures show that the balance of trade between the two countries is heavily in favour of Ukraine, which should prompt the Jordanian government and private sector to work on adjusting it. Jordan's main imports from Ukraine are iron bars, construction materials, medical equipment, \_temical materials and cars. It exports gas ovens, towels, pharmaceutical products

and agricultural products

(Al Dustour).

# Arab shipyard reports surge in business

ABU DHABI (AFP) - The biggest drydocks in the Middle East recorded a sharp increase in business in the first quarter of 1995 after a surge in net profits last year, according to an official re-

The Bahrain-based Arab Shipbuilding and Repair Yard (ASRY) repaired 34 vessels in the first quarter of 1995, an increase of 36 per cent over the same period of 1994, the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) has said in its monthly bulletin, obtained here.

Income from ship repair and maintenance rose by around 10 per cent in the same period, the report said

without providing figures.
"The level of business in the company's two drydocks has remained high this year," the bulletin quoted an ASRY report as saying. "Such an increase is compatible with projections in the company's

ASRY, owned by the 10nation OAPEC, made a net profit of around \$66.5 million in 1994, an increase of 18 per cent over 1993.

The company has just completed expansion projects that made it the biggest drydocks in the region and one of the busiest in Asia. It can accommodate tankers with a deadweight of up to 500,000 tonnes.

OAPEC, set up in Kuwait in 1968, groups Saudi Arabia, the world's leading oil producer and exporter, with Bahrain, Qatar, Oman, Iraq. Kuwait, Libya, Syria, Egypt, and the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

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 CHRANICED MARKET TRADING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD (15/07/1995 -
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SERVICES SECTOR JORDAN TOBACCO & CIGARETIES 750 28.940 28.946 36.000 ATTAIGREP COMST. MATERIAL MANUFACTURING THE JORDAN CEMENT PACTORIES 1.240 1.240 130,795 3.700 3.640 3.700 JORDAN PROSPERTS MINES 107,363 3.050 3.050 2.980 THE ARMS POTASK 5.120 11.159 5.120 5.100 JORDAN PETROLIUM REPLEARY 10.220 10.220 10.260 88, 266 JORDAN TAXABLE F.800 THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & ASSISTINGAL 2,622 3.250 3.250 3.320 THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS 33,252 7.900 7.900 7.700 ARAB PRARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING 4.840 4.840 149.999

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INDUSTRIAL SECTOR	-	9579BO CKANGE		MBER: 127.29 L.84%
JORDAN MEN CARLE COMPANY	73,595	1.890	1.890	1.690
JORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESCURCES CC.	200,812	2.120	2.120	2.090
DETYMBELL MODERN INDUSTRIES	31,117	3.230	3.230	3.150
NAMER INVESTIGAT	12,568	1.540	1.540	1.550
ARAB CHEXER FOR PHARM. & CREMICALS	15,639			2.180
JORDAN SULPRO-CHEMICALS			1.610	
MATICUAL CABLE & WIRE MANUPACTURING	11,364			4.900
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO		0.640		
UNIVERSAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES		3.850		
JORDAN ROCKWOOL INDUSTRIES			1.120	
INTERNEDIATE PEIRO-CERNICAL INDUSTRIES	52,123			2.220
MATICIAL INDUSTRIES	643,26 <b>R</b>			1.100
MATICULA STREE INDUSTRY	5,253			2.330
ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING	4,689		-	1.390
CHARAL INVESTIGAT	-		2.730	
LIVESTOCK & POULTRY	•		0.510	
ARAS ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY	34,645			5.300
ARAB INVESTIGAT & INEREATIONAL TRADE	17.800			
DAR AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	88,049			7.800
PAPIA INDUSTRIES	6,834			
EPINGING & WEAVING	6.816			1.950
THE PUBLIC MINING	308	3.180		3.080
JORDAN PAPER & CARDSOARD FACTORIES	969	3.800		
THE JORDAN PIPES MARUFACTURING	103,761			2.550
NORDAN DATEY		2.300		2.300
JORDAN CERANIC INDUSTRIES	3,313	5.950	5.950	5.900

GRAND TOTAL 6159226 IMMEX MUMBER: 150.76 PARALLEL MARKET TRADING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD (15/07/1995 - 19/07/1995)

COMPANY'S MANGE	TRADING VOLUME JD	PREV. CLOSING PRICE	OPENING PRICE	CLOS PRICE
CHITIFAL CHIERAL TRADING & STORAGE	2,716-	0.710	0.710	0.730
JORDAN TRADE PACILITIES	17,135	0.800	0.800	0.860
PARTY BULLY OR LANGE TAX	67,732	. 1.420	1.420	1.390
unified co. For organizing land teams.	. 28,131	2.430	2.430	2.370
ARAB PIN INV.CO	145,772	1.150	1.150	1.160
ARAB FOOD & MEDICAL APPLIANCES	9,217	0.950	0.950	0.960
MATIONAL CHLORINE IMPUSTRIES CO.LTD	17,625	1.870	1.870	1.800
MATICHAL TEXTILE & PLASTICS IND. CO	11,705	1.040	1.040	1.060
MAYSAK DIKE & MOULDS	<b>8,050</b>	1.040	1.040	0.960
el-eat ready wear namupacturing co.	14,465	2.150	2.150	2.190
INTERNATIONAL TOBACCO & CIGARETTES	31,664	1.450	1.450	1.430
Universal metals	1,298	1.380	1.380	1.360
KED MAYOR .	0,153	0.970	0.970	0.930
UNIOS CHEMICAL & VEGATIABLE DIL INDUSTRI	31,863	2.090	2,090	2.090
JORDAN STEAL	89,665	1.010	1.010	1.000
ARAB MACTRIC INDUSTRIES	16,357	0,830	0.830	0.250
DMIGH TORACCO .	35,537	1.690	1.690	1.670
RASI PRANCENTICALS	4,206	0.960	0.960	0.910
INDUSTRIES ENGLESSEING -	14,759	0.270	0.870	0.868
INDUSTRIAL CERANIC	100,841	1.450	1.450	1.390
I.TEXTILE MANUFACTURES	7,427	0.900	0.900	0.840
PEARL SANITARY PAPER CONVERTING	87,998	0.950	0.950	0.960
GRAND TOTAL		752415	-	

Jordan Times Financial

Markets Cairo Amman Bank

<u> </u>		
Currency	New York Close Date 19/7/95	Tokyo : Clase ! Date 20/7/95
Sterling Pound	1.5984 .	1.5976**
Deutsche Mark	1.3752	1.3775
Shira Franc	1.1465	1,149144
French Franc	4.7840	4.1970**
јаралекс Үен	87.33	87.68
European Curreny Unit	1.3460	1 .3428**

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Сигтемсу	HTM	3 MTILS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	5.62	5-62	5.62	5.68
Sterling Pound	6.43	6.56	6.75	7.00
Deutsche Mark	4.31	4.31	4.31	4.43
Swiss Franc	2.34	2.56	2.68	2.93
French Franc	6.50	6.31	6.12	6.00
lapanese Yen	0.62	0.62	0.56	0.56
European Currency Unit	6.00	6.96	6.06	6.15

Metal .	USD/Oz	JD/Gm°	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Ç#
Gold	388.30	7.50	Silver	5:18	0.110

Central	Bank	of	Jordan	Exchange	Rate	Sqffétja
				_		

	Dag	e: <i>20/</i> 7/199
Carrency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.6950	0.6970
Sterling Pound	1,1095	1.1150
Deutsche Mark	0.5044	0.5989
Swiss Franc	0.6051	0,6081
French Franc	. 0.1445	0.1455
Japanese Yen*	0.7925	0.7965
Dutch Guilder	0.4501	0.4524
Swedish Krona	614940	4=42855
Italian Lira*	0.0430	0.0432
Belgian Franc	*******	*****

## **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and

Duliton markets t	Tiuay.
U.S. \$1.00 costs	1.3618/28
	1.3864/74
	1.5536/46
	1.1550/60
	28.51/55
	4.8105/55
	1601.4/6.4
	88.50/60
	7.1525/25

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

Danish growns

5.3960/10 \$1.5936/46 One sterling One ounce of gold \$386.30/386.60

6.1640/90

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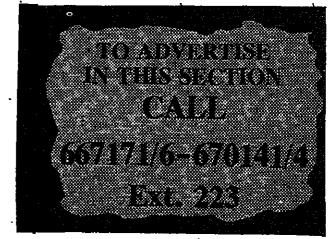
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# Armstrong wins emotional 18th stage, dedicates win to Casartelli

American Lance Armstrong won an emotional 18th stage of the Tour de France on Friday, dedicating the win to his teammate Italian Fabio Casartelli, who was killed on Tuesday's stage.

Armstrong, 23, raised his fists and pointed to the beavens above registering that the win here was dedicated to Casartelli, killed on the run to Cauterets.

The American completed the 167km from Montpon-Menesterol in 3hrs 47minutes and 53seconds.

Armstrong said: "I didn't think about winning the stage, the heat or the team sponsor. I was just thinking about Fabio Casartelli.

"It was a bittersweet victory for nothing can replace The Texan, world champi-

on in 1993, had lost to Ukranian

LIMOGES, France (AFP) - Outschakov in a sprint finish on Saturday. He had surprised many by attacking that day as be had publicly

didn't want to get into a sprint finish with them." Hotly pursued by Dutch-

# TOUR DE FRANCE

said Limoges would be where he made his mark. Armstrong, a winner of the 1993 stage into Verdun, seized his opportunity 28 kilometres from the finish. Already part of a 12 man including Britain's Max Sciandri, he outwitted them at the top of

While the rest of the group relaxed and took some refreshment, . Armstrong sped away and by the time the group realised what had happened he had established a sizeable gap.

Armstrong asked why he had escaped when he did replied: "I lost out last Saturday and although I didn't man Martin Den Bakker and Italian Andrea Tafi, Armstrong stretched the gap to 55 seconds. Tafi and Den Bakker were

swept aside by the remoants of the leading group and Armstrong's lead began to descend

Armstrong though rode as a man possessed and crossed reception, 30 seconds clear of Italian Andre Ferrigato and Russian Viachteslav

On Wednesday, the peloton made way for the Motorola team to cross the line ahead of them, but Friday's victory capped a fine Tour for Armstrong.



# Agassi comes back full circle

WASHINGTON (AFP) - Andre Agassi finds the view from the top at the ATP Washington Classic much nicer than the personal low he felt here just one year ago.

Agassi was ousted by 74thranked Brett Steven last year in a second round match. He rebounded the next week to win in Toronto and begin a nine-month climb to the world number one ranking.

"I was struggling with my confidence here last year. Washington was an all-time low for me," Agassi said. "A year later, it's completely the opposite. I'm feeling as confi-Self-assured Agassi beat

fellow American Michael Joyce 6-2, 6-2, Thursday in the third round of the \$675,000 hardcourt event. Agassi, faces Colombia's Mauricio Hadad in a Friday quarterfinal, the farthest he has advanced here in three tries since winning in 1990 and 1991.

"This is a good building block." Agassi said. "I like starting the summer in an atmosphere where there isn't

too much stress. It's a good event but it's not going to attract all the top guys.

Agassi, the reigning U.S. and Australian Open champion, has not won a tournament since replacing Pete Sampras atop the ranking 14 weeks ago. A victory here would close the circle on his

rebel-to-royalty rise.
"It has been a hell of a year
for me." Agassi said. "I
wasn't feeling like I could win close matches a year ago. Losing might have been a blessing in disguise. I had time to practise and during that time I really turned things around. Now a lot of the pieces have come

Agassi is 75-11 over the past 12 months and has victories this year at San Jose and Key Biscayne as well as Australia. He has stretched his points lead over Sampras. but must now defend titles while Sampras can gain ground quickly because he was injured at this time in

"I try to be number one every time I step onto the

court," Agassi said, "When you're number one, you look down and see what others are doing to knock you off. I just try to maintain this level as long as I possibly can.

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There are times when you allow the pressure to get to you. It depends on where your mind is. As days go by, you think about being better. It's that deep fire inside that keeps pushing you.

Agassi rejects third-ranked Boris Becker's notion that his game was helped at Wimbledon by favourable scheduling times and centre court matches because of his rich shoe endorsement deal.

Maybe they like my haircut better than his," the close-cropped crowd pleasure said of his buzz cut.

'I definitely don't get onto the outer courts. But I'm not so sure it's a positive. He can have my place if he wants it. I

would give it to him."

Defending champion and second seed Stefan Edberg of Sweden beat Kenya's Paul Wekesa 6-2, 6-1, and advanced into a quarterfinal against Italy's Caratti.

# NBA announces schedule

YORK (AP) a lockout that threatens the start of the season, the NBA released its 1995-96 schedule on Thursday for the expanded 29team league.

The league's two new Vancouver and Toronto, are scheduled to debut on Friday, Nov. 3. when they will be two of 28 teams in action.

The Raptors, who will play in the central division. will open at home against the New Jersey Nets. The Grizzlies, members of the

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Midwest division, will play Portland at the Trail Blazers' New Rose Garden facility. Vancouver's first home date is set for Nov. 5 against Minnesota Timber-

The Grizzlies and Raptors will meet in the NBA's first all-Canadian matchup on Dec. 10 at Vancouver.

The two-time defending champion Houston Rockets open their season Nov. 3 against the Golden State Warriors.

On Christmas day, Eastern

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Orlando will get a chance to avenge its NBA finals sweep by playing host to Houston in a nationally televised

in the first labour action in its history, the NBA locked out its players on July 1 after players' association failed to ratify a new collective bargaining agreement.

The league released its new schedule along with a press release that noted it was contingent upon reaching a new labour deal "in a nimely fashion.

# Muster faces Bruguera in rematch

STUTTGART. Germany (AFP) - Austrian Thomas Muster and Spaniard Sergi Bruguera both won through to the semifinals of the Imillion dollar tournament here on Friday and face a rematch of their Italian Open final meeting in May, which Muster won.

Muster thrashed Spaniard Tomas Carbonell, world ranking of 90, 6-2, 6-0 in 53 minutes which was just as well as the temperature on court reached 35 degrees.

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the field

The blonde Austrian. renowned for his remarkable stamina, was dismissive about suggestions that it was too hot saying: "It was as tough for the other guy as it was for me. Maybe I just handled it a bit better.'

Bruguera, 24, despatched the last German survivor Carl-Uwe Steeb, ranked 89th, 6-3, 6-4 in just over an

The Spaniard, a two-time French Open winner, said he knees, one of which he had operated on in February earlier this year.

Bruguera said: "I was favouring my other knee. That hurt my other good knee. It has been difficult to protect the knees and train all-out.'

The other semi-final will pit Swede doubles specialist Jan Apell, straight sets winner over compatriot Magnus Gustafsson, against France's Arnaud Boetsch.



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A complete set of Bidding Documents may be obtained from the above referred office upon submission of a written application and payment of a non-refundable fee. All payments will be made by a bank draft or certified bank check in the currency of the purchaser's choice or in cash made out in favour of the Mu'tah University, Price of purchasing the documents would be the equivalent, amount of Jordanian Dinars as follows:

For Delivery to personal callers JD 15.000 per lot. - For delivery by local mail to local Bidders by courier Service JD 25:000 per Lot plus JD 50 for all Lots.

Bids will be priced and submitted separately for each individual Lot. Contracts will be awarded on a Lot (by/Lot) basis to the lowest evaluated bidders who would prove capable to carry out the requirements of the contracts to be signed. Bidders could be warded more than one contract of each

Closing date for the bid submission will be noon of September 23, 1995. Bids shall have a validity of 90 days and will be accompanied by a bid security to the value of about 3% of the Bid Price and of duration of 120 days. Mu'tah University

# **GOREN BRIDGE**

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hold: ♦A865 ♥A ∜A987 ♣A642 The bidding has proceeded North East South I Pass ?

I Pass ?
What do you bid now?
A.—Slam is in the air, but not necessarily in diamonds! Spades could be the right spot, particularly if you play five-card majors, so start investigating with a simple response of one spade. The real headsche will come on the later rounds of the auction because yours is not an easy hand to describe.

**♦AJ762 %KJ4 ≎83 ⊕AKQ** The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 ↑ Pass 3 ↑ Pass
3 ♡ Pass ? What do you bid now?

A.—The auction has developed most favorably for you. Jump to five spades. That signifies a desire to play slam, but shows two fast losers in the unbid suit—in this case diamonds. Blackwood is of no tase here—you won't know what to

South you hold: 473 7J106 Q72 4AJ653 1 4AS7 7Void 797652 VAKS52

Pass ?
What action do take?
A.—Although it seems automatic to bid four clubs, think for a moment. Partner's takeout double in the country might major-suit oriented, so you might have no good fit. You rate to pru-duce two tricks on defense and part-ner's cards are well placed behind

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

ise bere—you won't know what to

Q.4-Both vulnerable, as South 4K106 \AK1075 \KJ96 **4**A

What do you bid now?

A.—Despite partner's discouraging response, we would insist on reaching game with this primish hand. Jump shift to three diameters.

monds. If partner takes a hear preference, go on to four hearts; i partner bids three no trump, pass; i

♦876 TAQJ VAKJ4 ♦AK What is your opening bid?

A.—Having no spade stopper in powerful, balanced hand is an obvi ous flaw. However, we don't think you can ever catch up if you elect to

What do you bid now?

A.—Normally, with two five-card suits you would first respond in the higher-ranking and then bid the other. Here, however, your diamonds are so weak that we would downgrade the suit to a four-bagger and respond two clubs, highlighting where our values lie.

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Congra luck in Copa America

MALDONADO. Urogony

(AP) - The United States

great soccer adventure

Facing the world's best

team, the Americans lost 1-0

the America Cup, a show-

case event in which the

United States played for two

weeks as if it belonged in

Such elite company.
"We have closed the gap

Steve Sampson said, "We

went forward and played

attacking soccer where a

year ago we were defending

most of the game, hoping to

Brazil, a four-time World

Cup champion, scored in the

13th minute on a header by

Aldair and will play

Uruguay on Sunday in the

finals of the South American

get to penalty kicks."

ended Thursday night.

Super deluxe.

weather prof

)00 km perol

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ome isation at 8:30 p.m. n please call 5 Amman

MILANELLO, Italy (AP) - billion lire (\$25 million) to for the presentation of the Apparently not distracted by acquire French striker his political and business George weah, Italian forduties, Silvio Berlusconi on Thursday took time to present AC Milan's "wonder give coach Fabio Capello a team" to the media, saying he expected to win next including Montenegrin Dejan Savicevic, Italian year's "Scodeno." "We have set up a team internationals

which can produce highquality, offensive, spectacular soccer. A team which can Boban. keep AC Milan among Italy's most known labels in taining the fans with specthe world," said Berlusconi, tacular play," Berlusconi the Red Devils' president.

Berlusconi, who joked that AC Milan is the secondmost recognised thing from Italy behind pizza, said he expected to return to the top of the serie a and the European Champions Cup final.

After a bad start last season followed by a series of injuries, Milan missed a chance to win a fourth straight Italian League crown and also lost the champions cup final to Ajax Amsterdam in May.

Berlusconi spent about 40

HARARE, Zimbabwe (AP)

- Organisers have cancelled

shooting events in the up-

coming All African Games as

the continent's sporting

showcase appears to be bog-

ging down in financial prob-lems.

Officials refused Thursday

to comment on one report

that the entire games prog-

ramme may have to be re-

viewed because of severe

But MacLoud Chaora, the

games general manager, con-

firmed that pistol and small-

bore shooting competitions were called off because host

Zimbabwe did not have the

\$350,000 needed to stage

money constraints.

ward Roberto Baggio and Portuguese Paulo Futre and stellar forward line also

Berlusconi presents 'dream team'

Marco Simone and Gianluigi Lentini and Croat Zvonmimir

"Our motto is to win enter-The club president said

Weah and Baggio will give the team the offensive power which AC Milan has missed since the dissolution of the Dutch trio of Ruud Gullit, Frank Rijkaard and Marco van Basten.

Gullit and Rijkaard both left Milan two years ago while Van Basten has been sidelined by a chronic ankle injury for two years.

Van Basten, who has had three operations on the ankle, joined his teammates 27.

African sporting showcase

battles financial problems

the shortfall, he said.

tres Sept. 12-23.

other supplies did not bridge

babwean organising commit-

tee appealed to 21 local inde-

pendent sports associations

for help in raising funds for

the games, scheduled in Ha-

rare and two provincial cen-

days before the opening cere-

monies, committee spokes-

man Ishmael Kadungure said

that 200 local private firms targetted recently as possible

sponsors had responded

He did not elaborate, but

Wilson Javangwe, head of a

working group responsible

With less than 40 working

On Wednesday, the Zim-

ammunition, targets and \$10 million to complete its

team but his comeback still is highly uncertain.

"Marco has improved lately. We hope that a dream can come true. That a miracle can happen and we can see, again on the field, the strongest centreforward AC Milan has ever had," Berlusconi said.

Berlusconi travelled to AC Milan training camp hours before announcing the sale of part of his television and advertising assets to foreign investors.

The operation aims to quiet political opponents who claim his vast media holdings pose a conflict of interests with his political ambitions. Hundreds of fans, who

braved 33-degree heat, applauded Berlusconi and the players when they showed up. Coach Capello then direct-

ed the first training session for the Italian first division season, which begins Aug.,

"If you ask us how much

we have at the moment, we

have nothing," he said. Edgar Rodgers, manager

of Zimbabwe's 590-member

team of competitors, com-

plained that money for train-

ing has dried up.

Jornalists seeking con-

firmation of media facilities

booked well in advance were

warned Thursday to expect

Despite lobbying to host

the games four years agro

and allocating some \$60 mil-

lioln toward facilities, venues

for swimming, boxing and

gymnastics and modifications

at Harare's 60.000-seat

shortages of telephones.

championships. The Brazilians extended their unbeaten streak to 25 games, their last loss coming to Germany in 1993. They limited the United States to two good scoring chances, by defender Alexi Lalas,

The Americans, eliminated by Brazil 1-0 in the second round of last summer's World Cup, were playing in the semifinals of a major international tournament for the first time since the 1930 World Cup.

"We're upset, really upset," goalkeeper Brad Friedel said. "We felt we had

a charge. You feet at a your stemuch coming of latefield. England played fill same team (this summer) in a Wembley and lest 3-1 lost here 1-0. That tells you

to Brazil in the sentifinals of everything." The United States will play Colombia for third place on Saturday in Maldonado. The two constraes played to a scoreless tie last month in Piscataway, New

between the United States and Brazii," U.S. coach lersey. The United States beat Chile, Argentina and Mexico on the way to the semilinals, but faced a far stronger opponent in Brazil. The Americans struggled

throughout the first half, with Brazil almost in constant possession. The Americans, who were

invited to this 12-nation tournament along with Mexico, have now lost all seven games they have played against Brazil, outscored 22-3 and 18-0 since 1930. Brazilian coach Mario

Zagalo said he was impressed by the U.S. but claimed his side should have won by more goals. "the U.S. are competitive

and have shown that they're not just any side," he said. "But we had four or five chances and our goalkeeper Taffarel had no saves to make in the 90 minutes."

The game, coming in the height of the southern hemisphere winter, was often played at a walking puce in the first 10 minutes, with

the ground as he kicks the ball away from Roberto Palacios of Peru in an earlier Copa America match

scoring. Winger Roberto Carlos sent a 20-yard shot go just wide and Zinho later shaved the left post from

In the 13th minute, however, Brazil struck when Juninbo floated a free kick from es from widening the lead the left side of the penalty area. Aldair, a defender, eluded John Harkes and rose unchallenged to beat Friedel with a point-blank header.

outside the box.

Brazil beats U.S. 1-0 to reach final

In the 29th minute, the United States had its opportunity when Eric Wynalda crossed to Lalas. He sent a header toward goalkeeper midfield.

Brazil twice coming close to Claudio Taffarel but Aldair headed it away.

A file photo showing Brazilian soccer player Dunga (right) hitting

The midfield triangle of Zinho, Dunga and Juninho proved too much for the Americans. And Edmundo, taking advantage of a poor header by Lalas, came inch-

after 23 minutes. In a grittier second half, the United States picked up the tempo and Brazil, happy to sit on a slender lead, began to lose its composure. Juninho. outstanding throughout the tournament, became almost invisible in

The Americans came close to tying the score with a header by Lalas shortly after halftime and Wynalda began to trouble the defence. However, Wynalda had to be substitued after 77 minutes because of pulled muscle.

Brazil, pinned back in its own half, looked less like a champion at that point and more like a tired team waiting for the final whistle. "We've learned a tremen-

dous amount at this tournament," Lalas said. "And we've also proved a lot not only to the world but our-



### Offers from Egypt, France for marketing the games, said Chinese-built sports stadium and Germany to give his group still needed at least have not been completed.

POSITION VACANCY (2011) American contracting firm working in Jordan seeks a Human Resources Development ( HRD ) Manager to :

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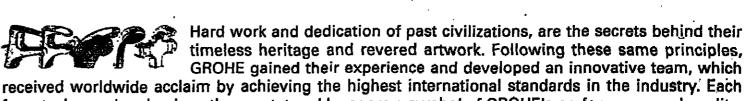


The Board of Trustees, Administration and Staff of the Amman Baccalaureate School would like to congratulate the Class of '95 for their outstanding results with the usual pass rate of 100% in the Tawjihi Science Stream and an average score of 93,5%, as well as a record pass rate of 91% amongst the International Baccalaureate Diploma candidates.

Very special congratulations go to Nadine Hani Farah who ranked First amongst the 8402 IB Diploma candidates world-wide in the May 1995 session by obtaining a perfect 45 point <u>Diploma.</u>

Special congratulations also go to Ghassan Bashir Alami and Bisher Suhail Kawar who obtained 44 and 43 points respectively and are ranked amongst the top 1% of all 1995 IB candidates in the world.

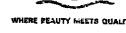
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# Pacific nations urge France not to resume nuclear testing Japanese deputies call for boycotting French products

Japanese legislators called for a boycott of French goods Friday to protest at the resumption of nuclear tests, while in Australia and New Zealand suspicions grew France might carry out more than the eight blasts it has already announced.

The 47 Japanese lawmakers, from the Social Democratic Party (SDP) and the centrist New Party Sakigake, ioined with representatives of a smaller party to issue a joint statement that also urged the Japanese government to recall Japan's ambassador to France, Jiji Press reported.

This "the first time that Japanese parliament members have openly called for consumers to boycott French goods, and the SDP and Sakigake are two of the parties in the ruling coalition. The third party in the pro-

test is a small group called Citizens for Peace, which has no seats in parliament.
The SDP is headed by

Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama and the New Party Sakigake by Finance Minister Masayoshi Takemura, who said Friday he would join Australian and New Zealand politicians in a South Pacific protest flotilla to Mururoa in French Polynesia where the first test will be held in September. Also Friday seven groups

f atomic bomb survivors in Hiroshima decided to campaign for a boycott of French products, following the decision of similar groups in Nagasaki, officials said.

The boycott is a means for us to achieve our goal of persuading France to retract its nuclear testing plans. It's an expression of our resolve that such tests should never be resumed," said Masahiko Kajishita, secretary-general of victims association headed by Hiroshima Mayor Takashi

Earlier Friday, New Zea-land Prime Minister Jim Bolger described as a "disturbing comments by the French ambassador in Wellington that appeared to say Paris may carry out more nuclear tests than the eight it has announced. Kingdom raises

"I appreciate the donations

and contributions from all

Jordanians and Arabs and

from our friends that will

help put an end to the mas-

sacres. I thank everybody

and every child and every

Prince Hassan, who visited

the studio and participated in

a telephone interview with

Bosnian Prime Minister

Haris Silajdzic, called on

Arab and Muslim countries

The Muslim World has a

to establish an alms fund.

stand, and our message is

very clear, world should

think about the establishment

of an Islamic Zakat founda-

tion in a world preoccupied

"We should make the

whole world feel that there is

a unanimous humanitarian

will. The Zakat fund has

been a demand. Now it is an

The Bosnian Prime Minis-

Aggressions are con-

ter expressed appreciation to

Jordan's initiative and said

tinuing on safe enclaves," he

said: "We are with you and

with the Bosnian peo-

In reply, the Crown Prince

the situation in Bosnia is very

essential matter." he said.

with arms.

His Royal Highness Crown

friend," the King said.

Bosnians.

after ambassador Jacques le Blanc told Radio New Zealand Friday that his nation would not rule out the possibility of further nuclear testing while negotiations were continuing on a Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty (CTBT).

Le Banc reportedly said that although there was a 99 per cent probability all countries would sign the CTBT. France would not rule out further testing so long as it still had the option to carry out "real" tests.

Mr. Bolger said he and his Australian counterpart Paul Keating would discuss the new fears at a scheduled meeting in Melbourne on Saturday, the New Zealand Press Association reported.

In Canberra, two protesters wearing radiation suits and masks climbed a 12metre grill-like metal facade at the front of the embassy building to unfurl a huge banner proclaiming "SOS Mururoa.

They suspended themselves "like abseilers from the top of the facade while the others chained themselves to the bottom." a spokesman for the Australian Federal Police said. They didn't enter the

building, but they did pentrate the embassy grounds which have no fence," the Six protesters were

arrested. Five were expected to appear in court charged trespassing on prohibited property later Friday. while the sixth, a 16-year-old girl, was a juvenile who would be officially cautioned. In a separate Australian

protest, maritime workers voted here Friday to ban the entry of French ships to Australian ports. Port bans have already held up a number of French-

owned ships, including the government-owned DGM Renoir which was stranded here Friday amid claims it was carrying nuclear waste from the French nuclear testing site of Mururoa.

In a more bizarre and lethal protest move here, police warned Friday that

(Continued from page 1)

ish Prime Minister John Major (R) opens the London international conference on Bosnia at Lancaster House Friday. U.S. delegation headed by Secretary of State Warren Christopher (L) and Defence Secretary William Perry (2L) with Chief of Staff John Shaliin loaves of "French" fruit kashvili (C) listen. Mr. bread in what was believed to Major is flanked by Brithave been a misguided stateish Foreign Secretary Malcom Rifkin. The conment against French nuclear ference warned the Serbs Japanese Science and Technology Minister Makiko against attacking Tanakao called on French Gorazde (AFP photo) President Jacques Chirac to

SERBS WARNED: Brit-



# Carter, Moi discuss Sudan

war

permanently halt nuclear

testing, saying France was

setting a bad example to the

lear weapons must show their

wisdom and set an example

to countries that do not have

nuclear weapons," she said in

a letter, a copy of which was

Meanwhile, a student pleaded guilty Friday to fire-

bombing the French consu-

late in Perth last month but

denied the action was a pro-

test against France's decision

to resume nuclear testing in

dent at Curtin (Perth) University, entered his plea dur-

ing a brief appearance in

"He wishes the court to be

Perth Magistrate's Court.

aware that he is not con-

nected with any terrorist

organisation or any anti-

French movement whatsoev-

er," said a statement read by

Mr. Boscovich's lawyer.

spur of the moment acts for

the appropriate penalty." he

Duma, the lower chamber of

Russia's parliament, Thurs-

day joined the chorus of pro-

tests against France's deci-

sion to resume nuclear test-

ing.
The lawmakers unani-

mously passed a statement

saying Russia is "seriously

concerned" with President

Chirac's decision to hold a

series of eight nuclear tests at

the South Pacific Atoll of

The Duma asked Mr. Chir-

'Russia, as a Pacific coun-

ac and the French parliament

try, believes that such tests

are dangerous for the fragile

system of coral reefs," the

"While they talk about prom-

oting human rights princi-

ples, they do not take any

action to put an end to in-

humane massacres." he said.

than JD 3 million, came from

ties, actors and officials and

broadcast songs that call for

stopping the massacres and

putting an end to violence

Donations, reached more

Mururoa in September.

to drop the plan.

statement said.

which he is ready to accept

In Moscow, the State

"There were ill-conceived,

Richard Utting.

Bosco Boscovich, 20, a stu-

obtained by AFP.

the South Pacific.

"Nations that possess nuc-

NAIROBI (AFP) - Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter and Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi conferred Friday on ways to end the civil war in Sudan. which is pitting the Arabised, Muslim north against Christian and animist rebels in the south.

Mr. Carter arrived in the Kenyan capital after holding talks in Khartoum with President Omar Hassan Al Bashir and visiting disputed areas in the south as well as the Kenyan border town of Lokichoggio, home to thousands of southern Sudanese refugees. In Khartoum, he prop-

osed an extension of a ceasefire between government forces and rebels which he negotiated in March, and which is due to expire at the end of this month.

That proposal met with scepticism from the Khartoum government, with Deputy Foreign Minister Ghazi Salaheddine saying it would "benefit the rebels."

Mr. Moi is chairman of the Inter-governmental Au-thority on Drought and Development, a regional body which is playing an increasingly active role in settling disputes. Mr. Carter thanked Mr.

occasion of the Bosnian day.

nian government issued a

statement urging the U.N. and the world major powers

to shoulder their responsibili-

ties vis-a-vis the situation in

Bosnia, halt the Serbian

aggression and lift the arms

embargo on Bosnia should

The statement, issued by

Foreign Minister Abdul

Karim Kabariti and handed

to the U.N. Secretary Gener-

al in New York, said that the

"Jordanian government has

been following with deep

concern and outrage the de-

teriorating situation in Bos-

nia, resulting from Serbian

aggression and the dangerous

violation of human rights

The Jordanian govern-

against the Bosnian Muslims.

ment is appalled at the situa-

tion and is concerned over

the lack of proper and effec-

tive action on the part of the

U.N. and the major powers

to stop the aggression." the

mning Serbian aggression, the government demanded

that the U.N. and the world

powers lift the arms embargo

on the Bosnian nation to

allow it to acquire weapons

for self-defence and to open

"the way for those countries

that are willing to offer assist-

ance to the Bosnian people.

that the U.N. should honour

The statement also said

While strongly conde-

statement said.

the conflict continue.

On Thursday, the Jorda-

Moi for his mediation efforts, and for the welcome Kenya had accorded to the Sudanese refugees, Kenyan officials said.

# World pressure grows on Nigeria for release of Obasanjo

LAGOS (Agencies) — Nigeria's military regime faced mounting worldwide pressure Friday to release or show clemency to conspir-ators facing death or lengthy jail sentences over an alleged

threat to stability and security which the reported sentences would have on Lagos.

14 alleged plotters, civilians

There is no right of appeal. Secret trials conducted without regard to due process of law send the wrong signal

Nigeria was at a water-

This is a time to heal wounds and build Nigeria's future. Mr. Obasanjo, who in October 1979 became the done much for his country the image and status of Nigeria internationally." the

"We call on you to release General Obasanio and to show clemency towards the others. There has been no bloodshed since you took over the reins of office (on Nov. 17, 1993)

"You have the opportunity to end the cycle of violence, of coup and counter-coup, and to open the way towards a lasting political transition that will ensure Nigeria's unity, strength, stability and future prosperity," the text Condemnation at the sent-

ences has poured in from countries and organisations such as the United Nations, Australia, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Japan, South Africa, Sweden, the United States and the Vatican.

Although the reported sentences have been neither confirmed nor denied, they are due to be ratified by the Provisional Ruling Council (PRC), Nigeria's supreme

Mr. Abacha, who chairs the PRC, to show elemency. QAU Secretary-General Salim Ahmad Salim said in a

"the implications which the reported sentences of those found guilty of nthe offence could have on the continued stability, security, unity, as well as the international image and role of Nigeria." South African Deputy

rived in Nigeria, Friday for. talks with the country's military leaders. He is to deliver a message to Mr. Abacha from President Nelson Mandela and will discuss the "present poli-

tical situation in Nigeria and

matters of common interest," said a statement. Namibian President Sam Nujoma wrote to Abacha calling on him "to show your presence of mind and sound judgment in this difficult situation by sparing the livs and the agony of the accused," the Namibian media

"Carrying out such harsh sentences against the accused will not do any good for Nigeria. Instead it will invite more wrath, indignation and isolation from the international community," he Ghanaian head of state

Jerry Rawlings arrived here Friday on a short visit during which he is also expected to plead the cause of those sentenced. In Washington meanwhile

both the Clinton administration and the U.S. Senate leadership have warned Nigeria of serious consequences unless it moves towards

prince H

Mubai

pales

stall;

GAZA (R) — P beration Org (PLO) chief (

Ahmad Qoures

Saturday that

Samruay (112) signing deadline with Israel on Palestinian West

rule would be n

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are so far from the July 15 date

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Environment

Yossi Sarid toi

amy radio: "I d

lieve it's possible

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problems will o

Foreign Ministe

Peres, in remarks

Friday and broa

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ist for them. If w

sign by the end

month it will be p for a long time.

Mr. Qourea said

intentions are goo

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Argentinian Forera ter Guido di Telli

"The gap is still Asked about the

deadline, he sai

hope they will be

Later PLO chie

month's end.

iold Reuters.

-We will res

# Bright lights dim as Thais mourn royal mother

BANGKOK (R) - Entertainment places across Thailand were closed as the country mourned the death of Princess Mother Sri Sangwal. the 94-year-old mother of King Bhumibol Adulvadej. The Thai court has declared 100 days of mourning while a 15-day period of mourning will be observed nationwide. Bar owners in central Bangkok said police told them that they should close for threedays to mourn the princess mother, who died Tuesday. Some television and radio stations cancelled entertainment programmes and replaced them with documentaries about her life and work. Many people wore black to work. The princess mother was admitted to hospital in early June suffering from inflammation in her right lung. Her condition became critical Monday, the roval household said. Thousands of people continued to pay their last respects and perform Buddhist mourning rites at Bangkok's Grand Palace Thursday. No date has been set for her

### **Tumour on Larry** Hagman's liver is malignant

LOS ANGELES (R) - Larry Hagman, who became a TV legend as scheming oil baron J.R. Ewing in the longrunning U.S. nighttime soap Dallas, has a cancerous tumour on his liver and will need a transplant to survive. his doctor said. Hagman disclosed in late June that doctors had detected a small tumour on his liver. Subsequently tests showed it was malignant. The discovery complicates Hagman's earlier diagnosis of circhosis of the liver, which he developed three years ago, and he has been placed on a national waiting list for a donor liver, said his publicist. Robert Grant: "He requires a liver transplant to survive, to be with us a year from now. said Dr. Leonard Makowka. director of transplant surgery at Cedars-Sinai Medical Centre.

### Money-laden bag vanishes inside X-ray machine MANILA (AP) -- An X-ray

machine at Manila International Airport has made at least six bags disappear - all of them containing large amounts of cash. The losses have led to suspicions that operators have found some way of separating and concealing luggage. In the latest case, Isaac David, an official of an engineering consulting firm, complained that his bag containing travel documents and \$5,000 vanished in the X-ray machine Tuesday. David said he placed his beltbag into an X-ray machine conveyor outside the departure area, as instructed by security officers, and it never came out, "I don't know if the machine are the bag or somebody played David Copperfield," he told the Associated Press, referring to the prominent magician. David. executive vice president of Filipinas Dravo, said the vanishing act forced him to cancel his trip to Vietnam. where he was to pursue discussions on a multimilliondollar dam project with Hanoi officials. "We might file charges against the personnel concerned. Imagine the opportunity lost because of this incident," he said.

### Hanoi streets are world's most dangerous : HANOI (AFP) - The

Streets of the Vietnamese capital, once known for their gentle waves of bieveles, are now the world's most dangerous as the accident figures soar with the arrival of thousands of motorbikes. according to a report Friday. "Hanoi now has the highest ratio between the number of fatal casualties and the number of cars on the roads in the world, city transport director Nguyen Thanh Binh wrote in an article in the Vietnam News. The report did not give figures for Hanoi alone but this year more than 100 people have been killed each week across the country. Last year 4,897 people died in traffic accidents and more than 14,000 were seriously injured.

### first African military ruler to hand over power to an elected civilian regime, had in the past" and "enhanced Three former British prime President Thabo Mbeki ar-

statement said.

ministers and ex-German chancellor Helmut Schmidt urged the release of former Nigerian leader Organisation for African Unity (OAU) meanwhile warned of the

However there was no indication Friday of Nigeria's official response to the rising criticism. Nigerian news reports said

and military, were condemned to death for their part in the alleged March coup and Mr. Obsanjo and 10 others received life sentences. The reported sentences were revealed earlier this

week after a secret trial in front of a military tribunal.

to the world bank about your intentions for Nigeria," the former premiers — Lord James Callaghan, Sir Edward Heath and Lady Margaret Thatcher — and Mr. Schmidt said in a statement obtained

shed." they said, urging Mr. Abacha to "show statesmanship at this critical time.

African leaders also asked statement in Addis Ababa he

Emad Faluii, a leader of HAMAS and owner

# **NEWS IN BRIEF**

# Turkish parliament rejects open voting system

ISTANBUL (R) - Turkey's parliament on Friday rejected a proposal that would have ended secret voting on the constitutional amendments Prime Minister Tansu Ciller is pushing as part of a democratisation programme. The amendment on balloting was proposed by the coalition government in an attempt to break the stalemate over planned changes to the 1982 military-era constitution. Voting on the package of amendments scen as necessary for Turkey's entrance into a ter Amr Musa predicted early progress in customs union with Europe — was halted two Israeli-Syrian peace talks in remarks broadweeks ago after none of the amendments cast Thursday. Israeli and Syrian military certain approval. The government hoped open voting would spur support for the is delaying a second round. Syria demands package of changes by forcing MPs to stand that Israel return all of the Golan Heights in behind their claims of support.

### Iran holds funeral for 2,700 war dead

NICOSIA (R) — Thousands of Iranians marched in a funeral procession after Friday prayers in Tehran to honour 2,700 soldiers killed in the 1980-88 with Iraq. The soldiers' remains were among 3,000 bodies recently unearthed in former war zones, Tehran Radio said. Funeral ceremonies for the remaining on Wednesday.

### Saudi to replace expatriates by Saudis — minister

DUBAI (R) - Saudi Arabia intends eventually to replace the six million expatriate workers who represent about a third of the total population with Saudi nationals, Interior Minister Prince Nayef Bin Abdul Aziz said. 'Replacing the expatriate work force by Saudi nationals is a strategic goal of the state. Prince Nayef has said in remarks reported by the Saudi press agency. He said "the Saudi national must replace (expatriates) in all kinds of work and at all levels." but he did not mention any time-scale for the proposed swap. Most Gulf Arab states, including Saudi Arabia, are starting to feel the crunch of weak oil prices, extensive welfare systems and billions of dollars of debts arising from that all had been released after the confrontathe 1990-91 Gulf war, underlining the need to reduce spending.

### Hamas newspaper owner auestioned

Palestinian authority leader Yasser Arafat. Yemen.

of Al Watan, said: "Police questioned me about the article and its author." The article said: "We know that it is Arafat who decides and makes appointments, it is he who expels, who builds and who destroys." "If we can't talk about it, where is freedom of expression and democracy?" asked Mr. Faluji.

### Musa predicts progress in Israeli-Syrian talks

TEL AVIV (AP) — Egyptian Foreign Minisreceived the two-thirds majority necessary for officials met last month to work out security arrangements for a peace agreement but Svria return for peace. Israel has expressed readiness for a pullback, but has yet to define any borders. Amr Musa, who meets regularly with Syrian officials, was optimistic despite the problems. "I believe that talks will be resumed and progress will be achieved in the not very distant future." Amr Musa said on Army Radio. The Radio said Mr. Musa expected Israel and Syria to reach a preliminary agreement or a security accord by the end of the year. The Egyptian minister added that Syrian President Hafez Assad's unwillingness 300 were held in the southern city of Kerman to go ahead with military talks in Washington was simply characteristic caution. "He wants to be sure that before he takes one step ahead, forward or in any direction... that another step taken by the other party. Mr.

### **Opposition accuses Yemeni** government of illegal detention

SANAA (AFP) - The opposition Islamist Party Al Hau on Friday accused Yemeni police of holding seven protestors who were arrested after a disturbance at a mosque here. They were jailed after holing themselves up inside a mosque to protest a police raid Tuesday on a religious school operated by Al Haq, party officials said. Police denied that any Al Haq supporters were still in jail, saying tion. Police launched the raid to prevent the school from illegally expanding onto an adjacent public garden, firing into the air to disperse Al Haq supporters who were throwing stones, police said. Government officials accuse Al Haq of being financed by Iran. GAZA (AFP) - Gaza police questioned the, while the party accuses Al Islah, a funowner of a Hamas weekly newspaper on damentalist member of the ruling coalition, of Friday after it published an article criticising, wanting to control all Islamist followers in

# Husse to give autho By a Jordan Times Staf

Palestinian official day said Israel n give the Palestinia authority in the We and Gaza in order Palestinians to give total security and that Palestinians sho expect an instant v Siyle democratic ment in the future man state. Faisal Husseir

Palestinian Nation thorse official responsibilities for Jerusalem, said the regime in the Palestinian craft and Palestinian state wo in the other Arab

did not come from a side at a lecture de l'inversity of slightly different a wider. Arab countries) in te a wider margin of his the same. The former head the Madrid Middle

me Madrid Middle ual laws would like

### PLO says gaps remain (Continued from page 1) rights of both sides and their Arabs in elections. The PLO wants East Jeru-

just requirements," he said. "Herefore we informed the Israeli side that we will not sign an agreement before we agree on the issue of water." Israel has said that PLO

Chairman Yasser Arafat agreed at a meeting with Mr. Peres in Alexandria on Wednesday to delay talks on water rights in exchange for letting Palestinians use untapped resources.

Palestinian Authority member Saeb Erekat. in charge of talks on elections. said no deal had been reached on the participation of East Jerusalem's 160,000

week telephoned the King to discuss the crisis in Bosnia. said his country would coordinate relief efforts with Amman to help the Bosnians. "I told King Hussein that Israel condemns such atroci-

will speak loudly about it," programme, the King said: "I called the French President and I thanked him for the efforts that he is exerting and

expressed appreciation of his country's stand. I confirmed to him that Jordan is participating in the peackeeping forces in former Yugoslavia until the international group fulfils all its tasks." The programme, which

continued until midnight yesterday, also hosted Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, who personally donated JD 10.000 and contributed another JD 20,000 from the government. He criticised the international community's stand vis-a-vis the situation in Bosnia:

salem to run for election and

that the voting be held in the

holy city. Israel says it has

agreed to let Palestinians run

but insists that candidates

must have a second West

Meanwhile, Hundreds of

Jewish settlers blocked the

major roads in the West

Bank early Friday with burn-

ing tires, large rocks and

manpower and scuffled with

their Palestinians in a stone-

which held up traffic for two

hours on all the major West

The disruptive protests.

throwing exchange.

Bank address.

areas would be ruled out people in Jordan as well as Yemen, Iraq. Abu Dhabi. United Arab Emirates and from the conflict. Israeli Prime Minister Yit-The programme also hosted scores of religious leaders, prominent personali-

zhak Rabin, expressing his solidarity with the Bosnians. donated three thousand dollars. Mr. Rabin, who last

ple. We hope that safe

ties (against Bosnians) and In his telephone call to the

and war. One of the hosts was Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Lawzi who said: "It is not only the religious relationship that binds us with Bosnia but there is also the humanitarian Also hosted on the prog-

ramme were Lower House Speaker Sa'ad Hayel Srour. Minister of Social Development Salwa Masri, President of the Jordanian Journalists Association Suleiman Qudah, spokesperson of the Islamic Action Front, Hamzeh Mansour, journalist Musa Kilani, as well as Christian clergymen who made in generous contributions on behalf of different Christian institutions in Jor-

Abdullah Khatib, head of the General Union of Charitable Societies, said a special lottery will be made for the

militant group opposed to Israel-PLO peace negotia-

its own Charter and rally in aid of victims of aggression. Bank roadways, followed the killing Tuesday of two Jewish Bank. teenagers who were hiking in the West Bank. A Palestinian

tions claimed responsibility for the killings. Settlers at the Beit El settlement, where one of the two youths was buried on Wednesday, said the protests came in response to a feeling that their security was being neglected as Israel and the PLO negotiate the expansion of Palestinian autonomy in

"We are here to demonstrate that we are being heaven forbid being abandoned," said Pinhas Wallerstein, head of local council of Binyamin. an area of Jewish

the West Bank.

settlements in the West

Mr. Wallerstein, speaking on Israel Radio, said settlers threw stones at Palestinians only after the Arab residents began pelting them with

Army Radio said the Beit El protests escalated when settlers began throwing stones and sharp objects at the houses of Arab residents in the area. The Radio report said one settler shot live bullets at Palestinian residents. but no one was injured.

In addition, settlers there blocked the roads with large rocks and burning objects, and scuffled with police before order was restored in the